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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

WHOLE
NO.

506

IN CLUBS OF FIVE, 10 WEEKS,
10 CENTS EACH, TO NEW NAMES.

A JOURNAL OF THE

COMING CIVILIZATION

FOR SUBSCRIPTION PRICE
SEE THE FOURTH PAGE

THE GRAFTERS IN CONTROL!

By Victor L. Berger.

WE have fought the hottest campaign in our existence, and we have made substantial gains. Our membership has done its duty. We have increased our vote for mayor from 16,784, which was cast for Arnold for mayor two years ago, to 20,857. We have carried nine wards, which means a clear gain of three wards. And before all things we have done a tremendous amount of propaganda work for Socialism, clean administration, and the social conscience.

But the grafters won out.
So much on the face of it.

Furthermore, I have not the faintest doubt that a goodly number of votes were stolen from us—and also that a thousand or more men voted illegally and that all the big and small tricks at the disposal of the professional politicians and the ward heeler and sneak thief were applied in this campaign to the uttermost.

For this campaign was the most bitter that was ever waged against the Social-Democratic party in this city. From the very beginning, the two candidates of the capitalist party ignored each other almost entirely and both concentrated their efforts against us.

This was particularly the case with Dave Rose, who instinctively felt that Social-Democracy and the Social-Democrats are the worst enemies he has in the world—especially in this campaign, when the Republican candidate, Pringle, was an old friend and pal of his.

The vile personal attacks upon Victor Berger, Emil Seidel and Frank Weber by David Rose and his clique I can simply dismiss without any further comment. We came out with flying colors, for—as it has often been well stated—he who attacks the personnel of our leaders and spokesmen, attacks us at the point where we are the strongest. Rose's attacks helped us.

However, a series of peculiar conditions helped Rose considerably.

There was first the murder of a Catholic priest in Colorado by an Italian lunatic. Rose accredited this to the anarchists and tried to trace it to the Social-Democratic party and the Socialists.

He made constant use of this in his speeches, describing the spirit of Socialism as taught by Victor Berger "stealthily stalking up the aisles of churches and striking down the man of God at the altar." The Shipley incident furnished some more material for Mr. Rose, and so did the bomb incident in New York.

But the climax was reached when three starved Polish youths, all of them under age, committed a robbery on the South Side and shot the cashier of a Polish loan and building association. The Polish politicians, before they even knew anything about the case, tried to connect this with Socialism. Peter Pawinski, former comptroller of Dave Rose and owner of the gambling resort, Marble Hall, telephoned a story to this effect to the daily press. The English and German press would not touch it, of course. The investigation and the confession of the youths showed that only one of them could read or write even in his own tongue; that they were all extremely ignorant, and that they did not know the difference between Socialism and green cheese, and never in their wretched lives had ever heard anything about Socialism or Socialists.

However, the Polish papers were induced for a good cash consideration to issue a special edition on the murder story and to print interviews with Polish Democratic grafters, slyly connecting this robbery and murder with the teaching of Socialism and with the Socialists. This was done in such a way as to avoid libel suits and yet at the same time get the effect on the ignorant Poles.

And the Polish priests, who for about six weeks have been looking up the houses of Polish workmen who were inclined to vote the Social-Democratic ticket did the rest. They not only preached sermons in all the churches on the Sunday before election, thundering against Socialism and for Dave Rose, but they capped the climax at the funeral of the unfortunate victim of the young robbers. Of course that Dave paid the priests well for all their dirty work—is not denied.

The result of all this was a temporary standstill in our propaganda among the Poles, and an overwhelming Polish vote for Rose.

Add to this that Rose had unlimited corporation money for the campaign and secured the votes of the ignorant Italians, Slovaks, Greeks and other foreigners of that type—that the corporations had imported for him thousands of floaters a few weeks before election—that he bought up everything in the poor lodging houses that could be gotten—that he had the unequalled support of all the gamblers, bad saloons and houses of ill repute—that he was the favorite candidate of the brewery lords and liquor "interests"—then it is a surprise that the returns do not show a larger figure for Rose and the grafters.

On the other hand, the Half-breeds—who have never proven themselves great political heroes—played a cowardly part.

The Half-breeds had been tricked and beaten at the primary by the Stalwarts. Pringle, a pocket edition of Rose, a "business man" with a very bad political record—a well-known Rose Republican—was nominated on the Republican ticket.

As far as the old party tickets were concerned, the Half-Breeds were between the devil and the deep blue sea. Pringle showed his true Stalwart color by even refusing to endorse the LaFollette delegates.

However, the brave and heroic "reformers" did not dare to take a stand for an honest and clean city administration and against Pringle. The LaFollette leaders naturally disliked and detested "Tom" yet these "leaders" made speeches for him and attacked the Social-Democrats. And their organ, the Milwaukee Free Press, supported Pringle in its local columns as well as in its editorials, and made a particular point of its attacks on Socialism. A special edition of the Free Press was even issued for that purpose with a speech of that great "Half-Breed" champion, Kelly, as its principal feature, and distributed free all over the city.

And while the Polish priests came out bluntly and decisively for Rose and the grafters, the Protestant ministers were satisfied with a general wail against Rose, leaving the general impression that they favored Pringle, that pocket edition of Rose.

Thus the Social-Democratic party stood virtually alone in its fight against graft, criminality and prostitution, and for progress, good government and the new civic conscience.

And the result was that although the Rose crowd had only about 23,000 out of 63,000, yet they succeeded in landing all the twelve aldermen-at-large. The Democrats have twenty aldermen as a whole—and among them the most remarkable collection of crooks, inebriates, common thieves and freaks that have ever been seen in any legislative body in the world. Some of them are still under indictment and ought now to be in state prison. There are others who were too crooked to get a nomination even on the previous grafter tickets. There is one who is under guardianship as a common drunkard and is not permitted to spend a cent of his own money, yet he is an "alderman-at-large" and will have a deciding vote as to how the \$6,000,000 annually shall be used by the city of Milwaukee.

In order to understand this result we must take into consideration that more than half of the Rose electors can neither read nor write any language, and that although they are not from Missouri—they are mostly from Sicily or Russian Poland—they had to be shown how to vote and what lever to pull.

And hampered as we were by the deeply rooted prejudice against Socialism and the Social-Democrats, which was very much

VOTE FOR CITY OFFICERS.

MAYOR.

Seidel, Social-Democrat.....20,907
Rose, Democrat.....23,014
Gardner, Prohibitionist.....7,35
Pringle, Republican.....18,349
Plurality for Rose, 2,107.

COMPTROLLER.

Schmidt, Social-Democrat.....20,258
Gawin, Democrat.....23,147
Bechtner, Republican.....19,005
Plurality for Gawin, 2,889.

TREASURER.

Whitnall, Social-Democrat.....19,137
Schoenecker, Democrat.....25,144
Zaleski, Republican.....16,642
Plurality for Schoenecker, 6,007.

WARD ALDERMEN.

Of the ward aldermen, the Republicans carried six, the Democrats eight and the Social-Democrats nine.

ALDERMEN-AT-LARGE.

Democrats.

The aldermen-at-large elected are all Democrats, carried in by the Rose wave. With their vote they are:

1—Stiglbauer.....24,623
2—Smith.....24,149
3—Carney.....23,490
4—Bogk.....23,310
5—Winters.....23,034
6—Bulder.....22,939
7—Wittig.....22,749
8—Altpeter.....22,687
9—Adler.....22,437
10—Klein.....22,330
11—Abert.....22,013
12—Hopp.....21,840
Social-Democrats.

1—Berger.....21,543
2—Gaylord.....21,450
3—Handley.....20,724
4—Heath.....20,508
5—Baumle.....20,399
6—Feeley.....20,303
7—Young.....20,270
8—Buech.....20,261
9—Knapp.....20,076
10—Rehfeldt.....20,059
11—Schwab.....19,984
12—Peterson.....19,974
Republicans.

1—Meisenheimer.....20,160
2—Lenicheck.....19,521
3—Fiebrantz.....19,067
4—Notbohm.....18,704
5—Steffen.....18,639
6—Oswald.....18,220
7—Perthesius.....17,905
8—Ruchholz.....17,781
9—Verges.....17,600
10—Christiansen.....17,012
11—Duke.....16,982
12—Braasch.....16,977

ALDERMEN.

First Ward.

James Davies, S.-D.....186
Fred Braun, Dem.....567
Erich C. Stern, Rep.....634
John J. Keilly, Ind.....372
Plurality—Stern, Rep., 67.

Second Ward.

Fred. Koll, S.-D.....553
Max E. Biersach, Dem.....650
Frank Koops, Rep.....381
P. F. Dick, Ind.....418
Plurality—Biersach, Dem., 97.

Third Ward.

Cornelius Corcoran, Dem.....1,011
Joseph E. Rittell, Ind.....562
Majority—Corcoran, Dem., 449.

Fourth Ward.

James Johnson, S.-D.....261
John Koerner, Dem.....1,278
Majority—Koerner, Dem., 1,017.

Fifth Ward.

Martin Mikkelsen, S.-D.....671
P. H. Connelly, Dem.....970
Majority—Connelly, Dem., 289.

Sixth Ward.

Fred Dannenfelser, S.-D.....785
August H. Klinger, Dem.....923
Fred C. Fass, Rep.....969
Plurality—Fass, Rep., 46.

Seventh Ward.

Louis Wallbach, S.-D.....216
Henry M. Wilnot, Dem.....488
George B. McKinley, Rep.....743
Plurality—McKinley, Rep., 255.

Eighth Ward.

E. A. Scaife, S.-D.....631
Wenzel Strachota, Dem.....749
Gustav Raetz, Rep.....736
Plurality—Strachota, Dem., 13.

Ninth Ward.

Henry Ries, S.-D.....1,349
Philip Schmitz, Dem.....1,016
Herman Dietrich, Rep.....793
Plurality—Ries, S.-D., 333.

Tenth Ward.

William Koch, S.-D.....1,105
Frank X. Muench, Dem.....680
Valentine Gerhardt, Rep.....779
Plurality—Koch, S.-D., 326.

Eleventh Ward.

E. T. Melms, S.-D.....1,935
Joseph Schroff, Dem.....1,373
Majority—Melms, S.-D., 582.

strengthened by the alleged Anarchist incidents, we made a grand and brilliant fight.

And while the honest middle class element supported Pringle, the stalking horse of Rose, and thus made it possible for Dave Rose to slip in with the help of the Stalwarts and the corporations. —we made it clear to everybody in Milwaukee who can read or write any language—not merely the English or German—that the Social-Democratic party is not only the hope for the emancipation of the American proletariat, but that it is also the only bulwark behind which common honesty and decency can find refuge today.

We have therefore every reason to be satisfied with the outcome. Two years hence we will take up the fight with renewed vigor and clean out the Augean stables in the city hall of Milwaukee.

OVER TWENTY THOUSAND VOTES!

BIG SOCIALIST GAINS IN THE MILWAUKEE ELECTION. SEIDEL NEARLY CARRIES CITY!

Three More Wards Carried! Three New Aldermen. Three More Justices and Constables. Three New Supervisors.

DEMOCRATS CARRY CITY BY SCRATCH AFTER A TERRIFIC CAMPAIGN OF VILLIFICATION OF THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATS.

ELECTED.

Twelfth Ward.
Max Grass, S.-D.....1,075
Joseph Janiewicz, Dem.....950
Majority—Grass, S.-D., 125.

Thirteenth Ward.
Paul W. Bringe, S.-D.....1,106
Max Kantak, Dem.....1,303
Gustav J. Jeske, Rep.....1,080
Plurality—Pierson, Dem., 217.

Fourteenth Ward.
Frank Tafelski, S.-D.....914
Louis A. Foss, Rep.....1,339
Plurality—Kantak, Dem., 329.

Fifteenth Ward.
Ernst Rost, S.-D.....485
Henry G. Decker, Dem.....772
August E. Braun, Rep.....1,300
Plurality—Braun, Rep., 528.

Sixteenth Ward.
George A. Brinn, S.-D.....354
Irving J. Oswald, Dem.....907
Irving H. Tarrant, Rep.....1,181
Plurality—Tarrant, Rep., 214.

Seventeenth Ward.
Louis A. Arnold, S.-D.....1,034
B. J. McMahon, Dem.....501
Charles E. Hickman, Rep.....833
Plurality—Arnold, S.-D., 201.

Eighteenth Ward.
Alfred A. Wiese, S.-D.....376
William F. Kane, Dem.....1,601
Moses H. Brandt, Rep.....1,197
Plurality—Kane, Dem., 404.

Nineteenth Ward.
Jacob Rummel, S.-D.....920
Michael Rodenkirsch, Dem.....855
F. W. Marquardt, Rep.....793
Plurality—Rummel, S.-D., 74.

Twentieth Ward.
August W. Strehlow, S.-D.....2,169
Robert Heiden, Rep.....1,112
Majority—Strehlow, S.-D., 1,057.

Twenty-first Ward.
Charles L. Weiley, S.-D.....1,483
Frank W. Harland, Dem.....737
Albert C. Lemke, Rep.....718
Plurality—Weiley, S.-D., 746.

Twenty-second Ward.
John Hassmann, S.-D.....1,141
Jake J. Helburg, Dem.....855
Fred Meyer, Rep.....800
Plurality—Hassmann, S.-D., 281.

Twenty-third Ward.
Emil Ruhnke, S.-D.....719
James J. Dooley, Dem.....608
Sebastian Walter, Rep.....948
Plurality—Walter, Rep., 229.

Tuesday's election in Milwaukee resulted in remarkable gains for the Social-Democratic party, and the advancing of the party into second place in the local field. We narrowly missed sweeping the city. The vote jumped from 16,784, which we had two years ago, to 20,907.

The party carried nine wards, a gain of three; elected six supervisors, a gain of one; four justices of the peace, a gain of two; and three constables, a gain of one. The Republicans fell from first to third party.

There were good indications that the Social-Democrats would carry the city. The Democrats had nominated the malodorous Dave Rose, ex-mayor of the city. Through the primary scramble the Republicans had had fastened on them a pocket edition of Rose in the person of Thos. J. Pringle, an ex-alderman with a corporation record.

The contest finally narrowed down between Rose and Seidel, the Social-Democratic candidate, and there was so much fear that Rose and his debauches might again get the city, that many Republicans openly made known their intention to vote for the Socialist. Quite a number undoubtedly did so, as did some of the more self-respecting Democrats, but still an analysis of the returns shows that really very little of the

big Social-Democratic gain came from this fact.

The increase came mostly from the Social-Democratic wards, and especially in the working class districts.

It is this fact that is so cheering, for it shows solid party growth. As to the vote itself it would have increased sufficiently to have swept everything before it, but for a series of untoward events, for which the Socialists were in no way responsible, and yet by which the more ignorant people of the community, both rich and poor, were swayed against them.

Rose began his campaign assaults on the Social-Democrats by charging them with being anarchists and preaching a blind discontent that eventuated in acts of violence. Fate seemed to come to his aid. Out in Denver a half-crazed and half-famished workman assassinated a priest in a most wanton way. Then followed the shooting down of a young Jewish immigrant by the burly Chief Shipley in Chicago, and the distortions regarding it indulged in by police and press. Then Emma Goldman, for some reason not yet quite clear, suddenly made her appearance in Milwaukee and held meetings, advertised, no one knows by whom, as being under the auspices of a fictitious club of "Socialists." Then came the bomb throwing by an imported terrorist in New York. All these were pounced on by the conscienceless Rose.

Aldermen elect—

HENRY RIES, Ninth Ward.
WILLIAM KOCH, Tenth Ward.
E. T. MELMS, Eleventh Ward.
MAX GRASS, Twelfth Ward.

LOUIS A. ARNOLD, Seventeenth Ward.
JACOB RUMMEL, Nineteenth Ward.

AUGUST STREHLOW, Twentieth Ward.
CHAS. L. WEILEY, Twenty-first Ward.

JOHN HASSMANN, Twenty-second Ward.

Supervisors elect—
FRANK BONESS, Ninth District.
GEORGE MENSING, Tenth District.

JAMES SHEEHAN, Eleventh District.
GEORGE MOERSCHER, Twelfth District.

Justices elect—
RICHARD ELSNER, Sixth District.
RICHARD A. BEYER, Eighth District.

CARL P. DIETZ, Ninth District.
JOHN C. FRAMER, Eleventh District.

Constables elect—
GEORGE KIRCHNER, eighth District.
HERMAN KANITZ, Ninth District.

E. BUNCHKOWSKY, Eleventh District.

In the downtown wards, the rotten boroughs, the Rose people did a good deal of their accustomed crooked voting, although the vigilance of the Social-Democratic challengers kept down a good deal of it, though not enough to prevent the stealing of the election. In the lower fourth ward the effectiveness of our challenging was made plain when attempts to vote nomadic Negroes was finally given up. Atty. Daniel Hoan, as challenger in the first precinct of that ward, gave the herders of illegal negro votes a good deal of annoyance, and when one of the election inspectors finally gave it out flat that the next floater brought in would result in someone being "pinched," the vote brokers' ward men retired in fear, and hundreds of fellows were not voted who would otherwise have been. And this change of things could take place in the rotten Fourth!

IN THE BLOODY THIRD.

In the Third Ward, which is always rottenner than rotten, the election was a travesty on American institutions. There was very little or no regard for the law. The Rose inspectors were themselves the law. Frederic Heath picked out the booth in the second precinct for his day's labors, and had the time of his life. Three times the inspectors tried to throw him out of the booth. A large number of the residents of the precinct are Italians who cannot read and write. The law gave these the right to have an inspector help them to vote on the machine. The inspector who officiated in this capacity was a Rose heeler named Philip Mangino, who is also an employee of the city water department. He had been arrested at the time of the primaries for alleged crooked work and was out on bail. Social-Democratic Italians were mostly able to do their own voting, but those who could not had their votes stolen from them by this fellow, who would turn the Rose knobs on the machine in spite of their protests. Similar foxy work was done by the two other inspectors, Henry A. Koster, Jr., and Charles McCosker, the latter also out on bail for ballot frauds. Comrade Heath secured conclusive evidence of crooked work on the part of these three men and applied to the district attorney for warrants. Specific charges were made against Mangino and Koster and subpoenas were issued and two of the men incorrectly voted by them were brought in and a stenographic record taken of their testimony, which was very crimiinating. Arrests will follow.

A BAD ARRANGEMENT.

Under the old arrangement the Social-Democrats would have elected eighteen ward aldermen, that is, two from each of the wards that went Socialist. But the reformers in the last legislature fixed up the Milwaukee common council on a new plan—for Milwaukee does not

BERGER ASSAILED.

Victor L. Berger and other local leaders were made the targets of violent abuse by Rose, which, however, helped the Socialists rather than injured them. All in all it was the most turbulent and disgraceful campaign in Milwaukee's

it one alderman to a ward and then added twelve aldermen at large. This was done to "promote good government" and also to make it harder for the Socialists to get control of the council. The aldermen-at-large were to constitute a sort of select body within the council, a sort of upper house of superior men and "better citizens" within the council, who were to serve twice as long as the common ward aldermen. The result was not what these silk stocking reformers had counted on. It is true that by the one-alderman ward representation the Social-Democrats could only show nine men for the nine wards they carried last Tuesday, in place of the twelve men they had in the last council from only six wards, but the "better citizen" expectation fell down pitifully. Instead the result of Tuesday's election filled the "select" body of twelve aldermen-at-large with about as disgraceful a bunch of tricksters, grafters, soaks and incompetents as could well be raked together—all landed in their positions of vantage by the Rose victory. The cutting that had been counted on, the careful picking as between all parties, did not take place. And now the reformers have long faces and are wondering how it all happened.

On election night tremendous Socialist gains came in from ward after ward and Seidel seemed beyond peradventure the next mayor of Milwaukee, until the vote from the Fourteenth and Eighteenth wards showed up with the most stupendous Rose majorities. Another factor in the fast days of the campaign was the stuff printed against the Social-Democrats by the Free Press, the LaFollette organ, the appearance of Half-breeds on the Pringle stump, and the newspaper misrepresentation of Pringle strength in order to keep Republicans from voting for Seidel and the Socialist aldermen-at-large. This diverted some votes to Pringle and made Rose's victory easier. Pringle had been boomed by the Sentinel, the Rose-Piester corporation organ, as a stalking horse to keep LaFollette Half-Breeds in line, and the play to that extent won out.

ARTHUR URBANEK, Fifteenth District.

CHAS. E. JESKE, Sixteenth District.

Justices elect—
RICHARD ELSNER, Sixth District.

RICHARD A. BEYER, Eighth District.

CARL P. DIETZ, Ninth District.

JOHN C. FRAMER, Eleventh District.

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THE REASON for SOCIALISM

By H. ESELL.

"Always be ready to give an answer to any one who asks your reason for the hope that you cherish."
—Epistle of Peter.

Waste of Labor—As Illustrated in Small Competitive Farming.

There is such an immediate relation between the waste in land and the waste of labor of the farming class that it seems best to discuss this division of the subject under separate heads, and to take up the waste of labor as illustrated in small competitive farming in this immediate connection.

If I have not already made it sufficiently clear that whenever the farmer is compelled to do unnecessary labor, whenever he is defrauded, or exploited, it reacts upon his farm and causes waste there, I wish to show this plainly now.

There is a limit to human endurance. The farming class is the most patient, self-sacrificing, and industrious class in our country. Their willingness to labor incessantly, and under the most galling of conditions borders upon a form of slavery. But even they who have been the very life of the nation have about reached the limit of endurance. It has been said that farming is the most independent and healthful of occupations, but this can keep no one on the farm any longer than it is possible for them to get away. In many parts of the country it is almost impossible to either hire farm labor, or sell farm lands. In all the farmers' conventions I have attended in the last five years the subject, "How to keep the boys on the farm" has been discussed. In the rich farming state of Iowa the State Board of Control issued the following report. "There are 278 more insane patients confined in state hospitals than there was a year ago. The total number in four hospitals is now 3,580. During the year the increase in the number of suicides among the farming population has frequently been commented upon."

Iowa is primarily and essentially a farming state. It has no great cities. The people live either upon farms or near them. The causes for this suicidal mania and insanity were discussed and explained variously by the special pleaders, and learned retainers of capitalism, but their explanations were neither satisfactory to themselves nor to others, and it was not until Mr. Charles E. Russell showed up the operations of the Beef Trust that the real cause was uncovered. He gave facts and figures to prove that when the farmers had put all their substance, their money, and their labor into beef cattle, and then sent them to market, the trust fixed the price and compelled them to sell year after year at a loss, and pointing the finger at the private trust he gave an explanation for the increase of suicide and insanity that all honest and thinking men knew to be the correct one.

Now I want to ask. Is an insane man, or a man contemplating suicide or even a discouraged man likely to improve a farm or do anything to bring it up to a high state of cultivation? Reader, there is but one answer to the question, and in giving that answer you are unconsciously acknowledging that sooner or later you must take your place with the Socialists or forfeit your own life and your own happiness. It would seem that the losses from natural causes—flood, and drought, and insects, are all that the farming class should be asked to sustain even under capitalism, but we have found that this is not the case, that besides all these he must be subjected to exploitation by his fellow man whom he is feeding, that he must be preyed upon by parasites in his own image who in turn despise him or his generosity, but by the eternal laws of compensation, as the insect feeds upon the plant until it is consumed and then dies with it, so the capitalist parasite will feed upon the capitalist system of exploitation until that system is dead, and then will die with it. Then out of that dead system there will arise cooperation wherein nothing will be left undone to aid and encourage that class which produces the necessities of life, because then the welfare of one will mean the welfare of all.

What a shout of rejoicing goes up today from the throats of the capitalist class whenever there is a bountiful harvest and good crops. The reason is plain. The slaves must be fed if they are to build more sky-scrapers, more yachts, more automobiles. Yet this same capitalist class does not contribute one iota toward securing these good crops, and are even ignorant of how much distress a bountiful harvest and good crops often bring upon the farming class.

It is important that the farming class should see the relation of good crops to the financial crises which are the curse of the capitalist system. This illustration may aid. Here is a salaried man who uses his savings in making side investments. His living is his salary. This

he draws week after week, and as long as this salary is forthcoming he will never be in distress even though he lose all of his savings in a bad investment. Now in place of the individual substitute society, and in place of the individual salary substitute society's living—good crops, bountiful harvests. Now society can go on gambling at a merry rate, buying and selling, getting rich or losing all, it makes very little difference as long as the farming class is fortunate enough to keep our tables well supplied, but the moment they fail to do this distress is everywhere, just as it would be if with the loss of his savings the individual would lose his salary. And yet, as said before, the farming class is just about as well off with bad crops as with good crops.

Just a few expressions of their views will explain the situation. One farmer said to me that he wished the potato beetles would become so bad that they would eat up all the vines, for he had enough children to keep his cleared of them, and then he would get such a price as would justify him in growing them.

In the locality where I live there was a larger crop of peaches last year than I have known before. I was congratulating a fruit grower on this fact. He told me he was no better off this year than he was last, because now they are worth nothing.

Another farmer tells me, that he is independent only as far as having plenty to eat is concerned. That until he can sell his surplus and turn it into money, which he often finds very difficult to do advantageously he and his family are deprived of decent clothing, of comfortable surroundings, of education, of travel, of literature, of everything that goes to make one refined and respected. He goes further, and says that all that he raises and sells from his farm nets him little more than he could earn as a day laborer that very often when he hauls a load of produce to market he just about makes the price of hauling and that if he could find constant employment for himself and his team he would be as well off as he is on his farm. Then in a jocular way he added that one thing that a farm did for a man was to furnish him with a constant job. He also told me that while his neighbors were in favor of the public ownership of a great many things especially of railroads, they still clung to the idea of privately owning their little farms, but that he had about come to the conclusion that instead of owning the little farms, that the little farms really owned them. When I heard this, I said to him: "You have grasped a really great truth—a truth that shall make you free."

When I hear of men composing that large division of the producing class, the farmers, speaking this way I cannot believe that they can shut their eyes much longer to the changed conditions that have taken place in this country during the last half century. I cannot believe that they can fail much longer to see that their interests are with the town and city workers who are in factories and produce the very things they need for their comfort and happiness on the farm. I cannot believe that they will consent much longer to be exploited and robbed by middle men, commission men, brokers, profit takers, over-rich capitalists and other parasites too numerous to mention, when by an understanding with the factory workers their farm products could be exchanged upon the basis of labor cost and both classes of producers enjoy all the good things of life without hurt or injury to any one.

Some of the benefits of such cooperation, which is possible only under the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution will appear when I relate some incidents which I have myself observed.

I have known gardeners and those who supply our markets to drive all night in order to reach the market early, then to stand the greater part of the day on the curb in the scorching sun of summer, and the cold and rain of winter waiting for buyers of their produce, while these buyers were racing from one end of the market to the other seeking where they could buy the cheapest. I have seen women and boys selling from these market wagons, and the tired look on their faces showed the exposure and sacrifice that they have made. I have myself made these trips many, many a time, fourteen to twenty miles to market, and have been so overcome from loss of sleep that I could scarcely keep awake sufficiently to drive home, but it was kept up during the season for two and three times every week. This was wasted energy, and this waste I again repeat prevents the farmer from doing for his farm what he would do if this energy was expended upon it.

When the farmer has raised the crops, every facility should be given him to place it where it is needed for consumption. The railroads, the electric lines, the river transportation, should all be at his disposal at the exact labor cost of operation. He should not be exploited in his effort to feed the human family, and when his produce reaches the market it should find storage at the exact labor cost of maintaining such storage, until it can be distributed, which distribution should again be done at the exact labor cost. In this way the farmer is relieved of his greatest burden, namely turning his produce into money. In this way he gets the full product of his labor, and is saved from the millions of useless parasites who feed upon him, and prevent him from enjoying the product of his toil.

Disadvantage of the Small Competitive Farm.

Eighty-five per cent of the farms in the United States range from three acres to one hundred-sixty. Most of these are too small to enable the farmers to own the modern machinery or farm stock that will bring out the best results. Of the larger farms mentioned, if they are rich and fairly productive, this difficulty is in part overcome, but unfortunately by far the greater number of these are poor, some very poor, and so the same difficulty is encountered as with the small farms. As a result instead of deep, thorough plowing, with disc or other heavy plows drawn by strong horses, much of the plowing is done with light plows drawn by one or two horses, which process only scratches the surface so as to render heavy rains more destructive. On these small farms, I have known tons of hay to stand until it was spoiled because these small farmers could not hire machines to cut it when it should have been cut. This is only one illustration of waste of this kind. Many more could be pointed out.

Not long ago I was standing in the field where one of these small farmers, poverty stricken, was plowing his way in the furrow after a light plow drawn by a single horse, and that one very lean indeed. After I had been talking to him for a short time, we looked out toward the road, and behold a regiment of United States Cavalry on a practice march. They had over five hundred of the finest, strongest draft horses that the nation could supply. They had already covered one hundred twenty-five miles, and were to return in a few days. All the cavalry regiments of the nation were doing the same thing at the same time, and this they do frequently, while these small farmers scratch their soil with a lean plow. This small farmer hung his head, but made no comment. I could not tell what he was thinking. I am not now objecting to the maintenance of the army, or the practice marches of its cavalry divisions. Until men know that they are brothers, or as I had better say until they are forced by the logic of events to see that they are brothers, standing armies seem to be a necessity.

Advantage of Cooperative Farming.

What I would like to call to the attention of these small farmers is that these standing armies, with their strong, able-bodied horses, and their perfect equipment, are collectively owned, and if they ever hope to follow their chosen occupation of farming under ideal and perfect conditions, it must be under a system of cooperation and collective ownership. Then instead of nullifying a man's efforts by allowing him to work with inferior equipment, every labor saving device, and every thing that would promote and increase the productivity from his efforts, would be placed at his disposal. Machinery of every description, strong and well fed draught animals would be constantly at the service of the tillers of the soil. There are those who ask how this can be done. Simple enough under Socialism. The workers who invent, and make the machinery, the workers who breed and raise farm animals can not live upon their own products. They need the products of the farm, and when they understand the benefits that will accrue to all by exchanging the product of one for the product of another on the basis of labor cost the thing is done, and the non-producing parasite is eliminated.

Machine vs. Man.

"Oh, say! We have the miners fixed," said one passenger to the other on a Southern Pacific train yesterday. "Manhattan Consolidated has just put in a drilling machine which will take the place of about fifty of these d—d shifters and time-killers. The machine runs by electric power, and in about two hours will do all the work we have to do at present, so that will cut down our pay-roll at least \$5,000 per month; and in about two months the machine will have paid for itself."

The foregoing was a part of the conversation between two men, one of whom was the superintendent of

"straw-boss" of the Manhattan Consolidated.

Do you see, Mr. Worker? The machine against the man. Under capitalism the machine puts the man out of business. Have you ever heard of a machine being the servant of the man? How can man become the master and the machine be made the servant?
W. H. F.

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AUTHORITIES PROMPTED ACT

THE CASE OF THE UNION SQUARE ATROCITY.

Capitalism the Cause of Revolts and Loss of Patience on Part of Occasional Members of the Depleted Class.

By Allan L. Benson.

Every time a bomb is thrown, or a murderous shot is fired by a political agitator in this country, the Socialists, in common with all other protestants against existing conditions, are called upon to defend themselves.

It matters not that the act may have been committed by a man whose views are diametrically opposed to those held by Social-Democrats; nor does it matter that such acts of violence have a tendency to defeat the very purposes for which we work. Still the charge is made that the perpetrators of such crimes are swayed by "agitators," under which classification Socialists are invariably mentioned by name. Nor was the throwing of a bomb in Union Square last Saturday afternoon an exception to the rule.

We Socialists must meet this charge as often as it shall be made, and we shall lose nothing if we meet it as we do all other charges—fearlessly and fairly. And, if we have any responsibility for such crimes, we shall do well to ascertain in what that responsibility consists, and accept it. Meanwhile, the part of wisdom suggests that we force upon the upholders of capitalism their part of the responsibility and compel them to accept it.

Take the case of Cohen, the member of a New York anarchist society who threw the bomb in Union Square. He first touched capitalism in Russia, the land of his birth, where people of this kind are ridden down by Cossacks, shot, exiled to Siberia, or treated in whatever manner may best please the Czar and the Grand Dukes. Six years ago, he came to the United States, where the conditions created by capitalism forced him into a sweatshop to ply his trade of a tailor. The conditions that he found in the sweatshop developed in him the germs of tuberculosis, as they have in so many thousands of other cases. He felt death creeping upon him. For the last few months, so the newspapers say, he has been unable to work more than half of the time when he could work at all.

For this much of the experience that contributed to the making of a bomb-thrower, capital must be held responsible. At some time during this period, the responsibility of the "agitators" began. Somebody told him orally or in writing, that it was wrong for the czar to chase him with Cossacks, wrong for the Russian landlords to rob him of his product, wrong for an industrial tailor to be compelled to ruin his lungs in a New York sweatshop. Who told him, no one knows—at any rate, I don't. It might have been a Socialist, or it might have been an anarchist. It might even have been revealed to him in a message from President Roosevelt to Congress. The important fact is, that in the state of mind and body in which Cohen was when the information came to him, he was apparently not fitted to make use of it. Having knowledge of the existence of a worn-out system of industry, he struck at a policeman and killed a tailor as poor as himself. He said he had been clubbed by policemen when he was in peaceful attendance at labor meetings and he wanted revenge. And, if he had been successful in his purpose, the net result would have been that he would have slaughtered a few men who are being wronged by existing conditions almost as much as himself while the system under which injustice is being inflicted would have been as firmly entrenched as ever.

Plainly then, the Socialists must share, in common with all other similar agitators, whatever responsibility may attach to those who tell the victims of injustice that they are being wronged.

Capitalism, on the other hand must accept the greater responsibility that attaches to a system of industry that causes an occasional man to suffer to such an extent that when he learns he has been wronged by the selfish acts of others he becomes a maniac.

And capitalism must accept this further responsibility: As the active force behind this government, it must answer for the fact that there is discrimination in the New York police department between the rich and the poor—a discrimination that appears to have been the last straw that broke the back of Cohen's reason. The mass-meeting of unemployed that it was desired to hold in Union Square was dispersed for the alleged reason that it was unlawful to meet in a public park or street with a permit. The meeting was only to call the attention of the public to the fact that there were 200,000 idle, hungry men in New York who wanted work; that the city needed more subways and that if the digging of the subways were begun, the hunger-needs of a great population would be satisfied. But, for some reason satisfactory to the

authorities, the permit was denied.

Now, mark these facts: The Union Square meeting, up to the time the police dispersed it, was peaceful, and, even after the bomb was thrown, there was no other act of violence on the part of anyone but the police. All the newspapers agree on this point. Yet, on the very morning of the day that the Union Square meeting was dispersed, a crowd of 5,000 stock-gamblers met in the curb-market at Broad and Wall Streets, blocked the streets, swept the guard ropes away, blacked each others' eyes and broke each others' noses in an effort to buy Lawson's gold mining stock, which he had advertised to put on sale that morning, and the police, so far from dispersing this mob of rich "law-violators," actually turned legitimate traffic into the side-streets so that gamblers could fight it out without interruption.

The question arises: If Lawson's gamblers could be permitted to occupy the public streets in violation of the city ordinance, and occupy them, although they fought among themselves, and knocked down and trampled upon women, as the *World* said they did, why could not a crowd of hungry, unemployed, unfortunate have been permitted to occupy a public park, in a peaceful manner, where they would interrupt no traffic?

And, since Cohen did not throw his bomb until after the police had dispersed the crowd of which he was a part, it is plain that capitalism must accept a little more of the responsibility for making him an atrocious murderer.

For my part, I accept the Union

(Continued on page 4.)

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THE "ADVANCED" NATIONS REEK WITH POVERTY

Over a Third of the People of England in Constant Lack of Life's Necessities. The Socialists Alone Show the Reason and Point the Way of Escape.

From the *Christian Socialist*: Never before in the history of the world, in the absence of general war and famine, was there so much suffering from want and worry as fills the world today, especially in the "most civilized" and most "Christian" nations.

In Russia millions of people are suffering hideous poverty while tens of thousands are actually dying of hunger. In Germany, France and England the most "advanced" nations of Europe, hundreds of thousands of wretched men and women are unable to find work for wages to keep the wolf from the door and multitudes are actually perishing of want. It is admitted by the most conservative authorities of London, like the *Times* and *Standard*, THAT MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE POPULATION OF ENGLAND DURING

ING NORMAL PROSPERITY IS IN ACTUAL WANT OF THE COMMON NECESSITIES OF LIFE. In the United States, owing to the peculiar economic development which marks the nearness of capitalism here, there are more people now vainly hunting for work than in any other land, and thousands of men throughout this "prosperous" country these cold nights, are forced to walk the streets all night to keep from freezing to death because they cannot find work to earn the means of life.

All over the country factories have closed down, the great mills have reduced the number of their employees or closed entirely, the railroads have turned off multitudes of men, the stores and offices have dismissed help and, as a result, additional hundreds of thousands of men, women and children are hungry, miserable, homeless and hopeless beyond expression. To keep themselves and their loved ones from starving, honest men have been compelled to rob and steal, and virtuous women have been forced to rent their bodies for lustful use.

And many more honest, more virtuous, or less tempted by opportunity, have dared slowly to die, or worse, helplessly to see their loved ones suffer and die before their

eyes. And tens of millions of people have been crippled financially, frightened and worried until their lives have become a nightmare.

If, as Spahr, Brooks, Hunter and others declare, there are over ten million American men, women and children in want in normal times, what figures would be required to give the total of economic agony being endured during this period of industrial collapse?

The cry of the suffering, despairing, dying people is going up from every state in the union, especially from every large city.

Why is this direful agony? Have our rivers run dry and our crops failed? Are there no forests, mines, factories, mills or railroads to enrich our people?

In a land of natural plenty, in an age of power machinery increasing productive power an hundred fold, in a time of unusual natural prosperity, why must millions of the people suffer want and other millions live in perpetual drudgery and worry, denied the chance of leisure, education and joyful life?

There is only one answer to such a question.

The very means God meant to relieve the people from slavery, want and worry and to give them opportunity for rest and health of body, mind and soul have been wickedly, brutally appropriated by corporation capitalists who blasphemously call themselves "Trustees to Providence" and are being used to impoverish and enslave the people. These self-appointed "Trustees of Providence" have basely betrayed their trust, they have fleeced and destroyed the sheep they claim to protect.

All other parties flounder helplessly in the midst of this dreadful economic muddle. The Social - Democrats alone know how to bring plenty and joy to all.

Let the people own the means of production and distributing the wealth created by their own labor. Then hunger will forever cease, plenty will be universal and a glorious opportunity will be the birthright of every one.

Meanwhile, let individuals, churches, clubs and societies of all kinds give largely to relieve the awful distress of the unemployed. "Charity" can never solve the problem, or cure the disease, but those who close their eyes, hearts and purses against the present need are self-condemned.

Gulliver.

The following thought-producer is taken from the well-known satirical classic, "Gulliver's Travels":

"Gulliver, in a strange country where the rational inhabitants are horses (Houyhnhnms), and human beings (Yahoos) are the lower animals, describes to a horse the manners and customs of his own country."

He desired I would let him know what these costly meats were, and how any of us happened to want

them. Whereupon I enumerated as many sorts as came into my head, with the various methods of dressing them, which could not be done without sending vessels by sea to every part of the world, as well for liquors to drink as for sauces and innumerable other conveniences.

I assured him that this whole globe of earth must be at least three times gone around before one of our better female Yahoos could get her breakfast, or a cup to put it in.

He said that must needs be a miserable country which cannot furnish food for its own inhabitants. But what he chiefly wondered at was how such vast tracts of ground as I described should be wholly without fresh water, and the people put to the necessity of sending over the sea for drink.

I replied that England (the dear place of my nativity) was computed to produce three times the quantity of food more than its inhabitants are able to consume, as well as liquors extracted from grain, or pressed out of the fruit of certain trees which make excellent drink; and the same proportion in every other convenience of life.

But in order to feed the luxury and intemperance of the males, and the vanity of the females, we sent away the greatest part of our necessary things to other countries, from whence we, in return, brought the materials of disease, folly, and vice, to spend among ourselves.

Hence it follows, of necessity, that vast numbers of our people are compelled to seek their livelihood by begging, robbing, stealing, cheating, pimping, flattering, suborning, forswearing, forging, gambling, lying, fawning, bectoring, voting, scribbling, star-gazing, poisoning, whoring, eating, libeling, free-thinking, and the like occupations; every one of which terms I was at much pains to make him understand.

Rival Livings.

"We remained awhile in silence looking upon the assemblage of dwellings below. Here, and in the adjoining hamlet of Millbeck, the effects of manufactures and of agriculture may be seen and compared."

"The old cottages are such as the poet and the painter equally delight in beholding. Substantially built of the native stone without mortar, dirtied with no white lime, and their long low roofs covered with slate, if they had been raised by the magic of some indigenous Amphion's music, the materials could not have adjusted themselves more beautifully in accord with the surrounding scene; and time has still further harmonized them with weather stains, lichens, and moss, short fern, and stone-plants of various kinds."

"The ornamented chimneys, round or square, less adorned than those which, like little turrets, crest the houses of the Portuguese peasantry; and yet no less happily suited to their place, the hedge of clipped box beneath the windows, the rosebush beside the door, the little door, the little patch of flower ground, with its tall hollyhocks in front; the garden beside, the beehives, and the orchard with its bank of daffodils and snowdrops, the earliest and the profusest in these parts, indicate in the owners some portion of ease and leisure, some regard to neatness and comfort, some sense of natural, and innocent, and healthful environment."

"The new cottages of the manufacturers, are upon the manufacturing pattern--naked and in a row. 'How is it,' said I, 'that everything which is connected with manufactures presents such features of unqualified deformity?'"

"From the largest of Mammon's temples down to the poorest hovel in which his helotry are stalled, these edifices have all one character. Time will not mellow them; nature will neither clothe nor conceal them; and they will remain always as offensive to the eye as to the mind."--Robert Southey, 1839.

Fury Never Cures.

Terrorism is a bacillus that the sunlight of good times will kill. The disease comes from the oppression of foreign lands. We cannot cure it by more oppression. England has been most successful in dealing with it; and in England the anarchists are allowed to speak until they are black in the face. They make "vicious attacks on the social order," that is true. But it was England's Milton who said "let truth and error grapple." The social order can take care of itself. There is more danger to it in the enforced silence of any agitator than in his speech. We cannot cure the madness of raving Europeans by gagging ourselves. The matter should be dealt with in firmness, not fury. Fury never cured anything.

It is a cold, hard fact that in those American cities where repression is practiced; where the unemployed are clubbed and harried; where "law" has been typified by club and gun--it has been in these cities where riots have occurred and violence felt.

Let us be sane, and being so, the problem presented by these poor, cracked-brained fellows will seem more simple. Any city in America can become a hotbed of "anarchy" within twelve months. It needs only to forbid speeches and meet-

ings and parades, and to lay open the heads of a few with policemen's clubs and to search and seize.

In other words, Russian police methods in America will as surely and quickly produce a terrorist crop here as in the land of the czar.--*Milwaukee Journal*.

THE DIVINITY OF BUSINESS

By a Business Man.

Elbert Hubbard's eulogy of business and the business man was given the place of honor in the February number of the *Cosmopolitan* magazine. It was entitled "The Divinity of Business." A better caption would have been "The Devilry of Business" or the disgrace of it. Hubbard is safely and surely on the side of plutocracy and the vulgar rich, and I don't know as any one ever accused him of being anywhere else.

Business is a vice, as Henry D. Lloyd so admirably expressed it, and business will continue to be a vice despite Mr. Hubbard's eulogy until the Co-operative Commonwealth gives it its death.

In all of our great cities are big stores that are radiating centers of ugliness, demoralization and waste of industry, where the welfare of employees is not considered, and where every effort is made to corrupt the desires of the public into inducing patrons to buy something they do not want. The only thing that concerns the men in power is profit.

Business--successful business--means that the successful one must crush his competitor and in doing this he must be relentless, and the best that is in him who succeeds must not be made manifest or he will lose. Business arouses jealousy, malice and hatred, and no business man with the competition strife constantly before him can be happy or be able to enjoy his fire-side or know how to be all that an indulgent husband and father should. Business surely has a detrimental effect upon the three elements of man's nature--moral, mental and physical--despite Ira Elbertus' confident opinion to the contrary. Just imagine Jesus Christ as the manager or proprietor of one of our department stores of which Mr. Hubbard speaks of in such glowing tones!

Systematic, daily useful work is man's greatest blessing, but there cannot be much system about the great business houses of New York, when delivery wagons from Macy's, Altman's, Siegel-Cooper's, and other stores daily pass over similar routes, each of the drivers even carrying packages into the same apartment houses.

"This \$67 fur garment marked down to \$8" are some of the "business" signs that allure customers and indicate the extent of the game.

In order to prevent the smashing of the business fabric when it needs smashing, Mr. Hubbard says, men of great insight, patience, poise and love of kind are required. And business is the very thing that will rob the best of men of these most desirable qualities. A good business man will sell a 50 cent book for \$2, and will pay his help just enough to make him a certain candidate for soup line honors when the glorious day of panic arrives. No business can now succeed that does not add to humbug. The world today is made up of a disorganized mob of business interests, and the world can only be redeemed by the utter destruction of business as privately conducted.

The word "business" was coined during the time of Chaucer by certain soldier aristocrats, men of the leisure class, who prided themselves upon the fact that they did no useful thing. The business men, as they conduct things today, can claim the same laudable distinction.

The world's great prizes in the future as rewards for vice and trickery will surely go to the business man. Henry T. Jokes.

"Socialism Made Plain," by Allan L. Benson, is still the standard Socialist primer. You can use it to do big things in agitation. It has already run through four editions. This office. 15 cents a copy.

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THE BONDS ARE READY FOR DELIVERY PURCHASE SOME AT ONCE

The annual report of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Co. for the year ending Dec. 31, 1907, has just been mailed.

Like all previous reports, it marks still further progress. It shows the largest regular receipts in the history of our institution.

During the year a cylinder press, power paper cutter and much other equipment has been installed. This makes the inventory the largest on record. The assets are also the biggest.

Much of the time and energy in 1907 was spent in disposing of our bonds, and in installing new equipment. The bonds are not all sold yet, and so we still pay six and seven per cent on some notes, which ought to be retired at once.

Several of them are due in the very near future and must be paid. Therefore, if you have been reckoning on some of these bonds, kindly purchase them now. Then you will enable us to take care of this indebtedness.

Owing to the fact that \$4,725 of bonds remain unsold, little can be done toward acting on the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted at the special meeting of stockholders held April 4, 1907:

WHEREAS, The time is fast approaching--indeed, some argue it is here now--when the Social-Democratic party of Milwaukee and Wisconsin, if it desires to achieve greater results and make further progress, must be represented by an English daily newspaper, and

WHEREAS, The Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, by reason of its now publishing a weekly newspaper, and by reason of its possession of considerable equipment which could be used for a daily newspaper, and which is owned and controlled by the Social-Democratic party and individual Socialists, is best qualified for publishing such a daily newspaper; and

WHEREAS, Even if the Social-Democratic Herald continues to be issued weekly, its growth and the enlargement of its job department alone may make it imperative to engage larger quarters even before the present lease expires; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That we the stockholders of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company, at a special meeting, held April 4, 1907, hereby authorize, direct and empower the board of directors of the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company to enter into a contract whereby the Milwaukee Social-Democratic Publishing Company shall secure, in consideration of a long term lease for suitable quarters at a reasonable rental, and the payment of legitimate expenses of the promotion of a ready stock company, the privilege of sharing equally with the stockholders of the said proposed ready stock company in all profits after six per cent has been paid annually on the stock of the said proposed ready company.

Just as quick as the opportunity presents itself, Social - Democrats, union men, the Social-Democratic party and the Unions will be asked to provide the movement with a suitable home.

Until such time, however, as the entire issue of \$12,000 of bonds is sold and paid for, little can be accomplished toward securing this object. Yet this is the next big thing we are bound to tackle. Our plant is constantly growing. The party is bound to use more and more office room. Even with the increase in floor space of last June, there is now none to spare. And, sooner or later, we shall be obliged to issue a daily newspaper. With such conditions, the quicker we get into a building especially planned for our use, and sufficiently large to enable us to expand, the better for the movement.

The bonds are now ready for delivery.

Then why not take one or more of the remaining bonds at once? What are you going to do in this triumphant march of progress? Are you going to lag behind, or are you going to get in the front ranks? Fill in the attached subscription blank and return right away, before it escapes your mind.

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS—E. H. Thomas, Victor L. Berger, Ed. Ziegler, C. P. Dietz, Fred Brockhausen, Sr., Wm. A. Arnold, H. W. Hystorius, Frank Bauer, F. W. Rehfeld.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 20, 1901.

FREDERIC HEATH, Editor VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate

FOR OUR NEW READERS:

THIS COUNTRY is made up principally of working people, both industrial and agricultural, but it is ruled by the capitalist class, which is numerically a very small fraction of the population. Being in control, that class runs the government in its own interests and against the interests of the rest of the people.

We Socialists believe that the country should be managed in the interests and for the well-being of those who produce the wealth. That is what government is for in the first place. The means of existence are now privately owned by capitalists, who comprise only twelve per cent of the population. By means of this private ownership a mere ONE PER CENT of the people OWN OVER HALF OF THE WEALTH OF THE NATION, and the concentration is going on at a still more rapid pace.

The means of production should be owned by the collective, in order that the fruits of industry may go to the MANY, instead of to the FEW.

Under the present capitalist system, the majority of mankind must sell their labor power to the capitalist owners of the means of production and distribution. In order to live—and to live very miserably at that.

The people own the post office, and everybody is glad of the fact. The people ought also to own all the trusts, so that all may enjoy the benefits. They ought to own every industry as soon as it has become sufficiently concentrated and organized to permit such common ownership.

To bring this about, the people—that is, the workers, not the shirkers—must have possession of the political power. The Social-Democratic party (known as the Socialist party in some states, and nationally) is organized to bring this about, through the abolition of capitalism. We insist that the industrial class shall be the wealthy class, and the idle class the poor and dependent class—although Social-Democracy will, in time, abolish all poverty and eliminate the dregs.

The Social-Democratic movement is international, but will doubtless achieve success in the United States first, because the capitalist system is farthest developed here and has made greater headway in preparing the ground for the higher system of society.

To show you that your interests lie with us we give herewith the following:

Program of International Social-Democracy:

1. Collective ownership of all industries in the hands of trusts and combines, and of all public utilities.
2. The democratic management of such collective industries and utilities.
3. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased remuneration.
4. State and national insurance for the workers and honorable rest in old age.
5. The inauguration of public industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment.
6. Education of ALL children up to the age of eighteen years. No child labor.
7. Equal political and civil rights for both men and women. Emancipation of women.

IF YOU BELIEVE IN THE ABOVE, VOTE WITH THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATS.

The March number of the *International Socialist Review*, now under the editorship of Charles H. Kerr, takes the form of a Marx memorial number. A contribution by Ernest Untermann, showing the unsoundness of the recent unsuccessful attempt to unify the parties, recalls Frederick Engels' reference to Delécluse's "scientific" economics. The dupes of the professor would do well to read it. Engels wrote to the late F. A. Sorge, in 1891, as follows: "The *People* is not worth looking at. For a long time I have not met with a paper so full of ridiculous trash."

At their recent annual meetings, the State Federation of Labor of Kansas and of Tennessee adopted resolutions declaring for woman suffrage. Other state federations which have taken similar action are: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Washington, West Virginia.

A movement is on foot in Holland, Mich., for the establishment of a Socialist paper, published in the Dutch language; to be entitled *The Volkstem*. Correspondence is desired with Holland comrades, address Arie Van Doesburg, Holland, Mich.

E. F. Strickland, Overlook, Benton Harbor, Mich., is anxious to

secure a copy of the *Vanguard* for January, 1907. Any reader having a copy they are willing to part with should drop Comrade Strickland a line.

Party News

Charters were granted by the national office to locals in unorganized states as follows: Tolar, N. Mex.; Roosevelt, N. Mex.; Sioux, Neb.; Litchfield, Neb.; Valdez, Alaska; Arapahoe, N. C.

The University of Wisconsin makes the announcement that it has secured a rare collection of Socialist and labor literature by acquiring the library of Comrade Hermann Schluter, editor of the *New York Volkszeitung*. The headquarters of the American Association for Labor Legislation has been transferred to Madison, Wis., and is in charge of Prof. John R. Commons of the University of Wisconsin.

The special assessment of 35c to pay the mileage for delegates to the national convention should be paid within the present month. The national committee motion provided for its payment within the months of February and March.

By recent referendum George R. Kline of McMechen, West Va., and G. W. Gillespie, of Huntington, were re-elected state secretary and member of the national committee respectively.

Eafayette, La., comrades write in appreciation of the organizing work of Comrade Clark. After a crowd-

LABOR GETTING "JUSTICE" IN NEVADA!

Once more organized labor receives a rebuff at the hands of the federal court. The Western Federation of Miners, at Goldfield, are warned to be good, not to interfere with other property rights, not to picket, not to congregate on the streets, not to persuade others from taking their jobs; in fact to disband and to resolve themselves into inoffensive, desuetude as ex-President Cleveland would term it.

From recent reports of the temporary injunction issued by Judge Farrington, at Carson City, on March 6, the local union has no rights which capitalism needs respect; while on the other hand the learned judge has granted every prayer to the Goldfield Consolidated Mines Company; except the total dissolution of the Western Federation of Miners, Local Union, No. 220.

But all these back-sets will eventually strengthen labor organizations, and from the ashes of former defeats, there will arise a Phoenix organization, which will overthrow oppression, as the angels of sin and wickedness were overthrown and flung down into the bottomless pit of Hell, as described by Milton in his "Battle in Heaven."

Goldfield, Nevada, is certainly a

social slough. In the few weeks that I have been here I have come to the conclusion that honor does not reside in Nevada; or if she does, she is hiding in the miners' cabins, or the quiet homes of the working people. She never walks out on the streets, nor is Honor ever seen in the offices and shops, and large cafes, which I visit.

Her friend and companion, Virtue, is seen less often than even Honor. Integrity and Integrity have moved to parts unknown, and their mail is not forwarded, as they have left no forwarding address. Grace is now sojourning at Camel-by-the-Sea, it is said here; while Patience has never seen fit to invade Nevada; at least she has never been seen here.

Vice and Delinquency and Immorality are better known characters here, and their \$90 bonnets, and \$300 costumes are very much admired.

The game in Nevada is: "Get the other fellow." The moving man gets at you before you arrive and asks 1c per pound; but finally agrees to move you for one-fourth of a cent per pound, "cas vous from the East." The bootblack offers to shine your shoes for two bits, but finally takes 10 cents. The tailor asks \$5 to \$7 to clean and press

your clothes, yet compromises with you at \$1.50 because he expects to get you again. But the real estate swindler and the mining speculator don't compromise with you; for they will get you if you don't watch out, and will fleece you, and they cry out in the hotel lobbies: "We are the Jason, and have obtained the golden fleece."

So my advice to you working people is, beware of the Western shark; whether he sells real estate, mining stocks or gold bricks. He will get you, if you believe any of the stories which flow from the West, and if you take his word for these things without investigating and knowing what you are doing, you ought to get soaked, whether it be by a faro gambler, a mining scheme promoter, or a salt and alkali desert real estate broker.

There are a lot of prospect holes out here into which eastern tenderfeet fall, and some never get out again. They are called mines, but they are only sinkholes into which men sink their hard earned, or their inherited wealth; and it is lost like some of the large rivers of Nevada, which roar, and foam as mountain torrents, but are finally lost in the sinks and quicksands of the deserts of Nevada. William Henry Fisher.

sand filtering, renders the water "safe" for drinking purposes.

Air.

The air we breathe is the most important element of life. Without air life would be extinct. Hence it must be fresh, pure and free from any obnoxious gases or irritating substances. Pure air contains 20.9% of oxygen in 1,000 volumes of air. This gas is the chief life-giving element in animal life. It enters the lungs through the air passages, and comes in contact with the blood through the thousands of air cells. There, the blood becomes purified or oxygenated, and through this process it is carried to every part of the body as pure nutritious liquid.

It is computed by great authorities that each grown-up person must have 3,500 cubic feet of pure air every hour, or one cubic foot every second. And in order to obtain such quantity of air, each person must have 1,000 to 1,200 cubic feet of breathing space, and the air ventilated three times per hour. But unfortunately in most of the dwellings and workshops not more than 200 cubic feet of breathing space is allowed for each individual. Hence it is next to impossible to obtain the required amount of pure air into such a small space. Under such circumstances systematic artificial ventilation is imperative.

Air Impurities.

The causes of impurities, both inside and outside air, are numerous. The atmosphere is constantly charged with organic and inorganic matter, vapors, gases, and various germs. Especially in enclosed spaces the air is rendered injurious from the following sources:

1. From the carbon dioxide exhaled by each individual during normal respiration.
2. Burning stoves, lamps, and illuminating gas in their process of combustion consume oxygen, and give off various poisonous gases.
3. The vapor produced by cooking and washing contains numerous organic and inorganic substances which vitiate the air.
4. Dust, ashes particles of coal and wood, cotton and linen fibres, feathers, charred vegetable particles, fragments of insects, hair, impurities from the skin, and various bacteria floating freely in dwellings, all these impurities render the air highly injurious for human breathing.

Diseases Caused by Impure Air.

Air deficient in oxygen and rich in poisonous gases destroys the coloring matter of the blood. The latter assumes a bluish, instead of its natural red color. Its most important nutritive elements become deteriorated. All bodily organs are thus deprived of their share of nutrition. Hence they become weak and unable to perform their physiological functions. Notably the lungs become blocked with those impurities, their elasticity is lost, and respiration thereby interfered. The individual suffers headaches, and palpitation of the heart. The bowels and kidneys refuse to functionate. And once the vital forces are lowered, the individual becomes subjected to various diseases of the heart, kidneys, and lungs. Hence the importance of inhaling pure air can hardly be overestimated.

How to Obtain Pure Air.

As I have already remarked that even the outside air in our large cities is not altogether pure, still there can be no comparison between it and the foul air in enclosed spaces, which becomes vitiated every second or so from the innumerable causes I enumerated. Hence dilution, filtration and purification of the air become necessary. For dwelling purposes ventilation through an opening about two inches at the bottom of the windows is both useful and practical. The foul air, which is warm, rises, and is permitted to escape through the upper openings, and the fresh pure air, loaded with oxygen, is heavy, and usually enters through the lower opening. Thus a constant current of pure air is sup-

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plied, and the impure air is immediately removed.

Proper Breathing.

Pure air in the room or on the street is not sufficient. We must get it into the lungs to aerate the blood. To accomplish this end we must take deep breaths. This process is facilitated by throwing the chest forward, and the shoulders backwards, and inhale a full, deep breath, through the nose, while the mouth is kept closed. Mouth breathing is undesirable for the following reasons: (a) the air is loaded with various foreign substances; (b) it is cold and (c) ordinary air is too dry. The admission of air of such a composition produces a deleterious effect upon the lungs. Hence nature provided the air passage with a mechanism for properly preparing the air before it enters the lungs. The nose

contains small hair and glands. As the air enters the nose it is filtered through the former, and warmed and moistened through the latter. Thus through deep nose breathing we get pure, warm, and moist air, which is conducive to good health.

DEFINITIONS OF SOCIALISM.

A theory that aims to secure the reconstruction of society, increase of wealth, and a more equal distribution of the products of labor and capital (as distinguished from property), and the public collective management of all industries. Its motto is "Everyone according to his needs." (Standard Dictionary.)

A science of reconstructing society on an entirely new basis, by substituting the principle of association for that of competition in every branch of human industry. (Watts's Dictionary.)

"The Cooperative Commonwealth," by Laurence Gronlund was long ago referred to as Karl Marx interpreted to the Yankee mind. You should have a copy to work with. This office. Paper, 50 cents.

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BY J. ULRICH

This is the latest publication on Economics and Government. In a clear and logical style, the essentials of these sciences have been outlined and their correlation shown by the author, all being brought within the comprehension of the masses. Every person has, and should feel, a vital interest in these topics, inasmuch as the future commonwealth must rest on the shoulders of the great masses. Voters of America, prepare yourselves for the task which lies before you. DEMOCRATIC FOUNDATIONS will enable you to reach a full understanding of Economics and Government.

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LABEL SECTION: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings, at 318 State St. Frank J. Victoria,
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OUR UNION DIRECTORY

In the following list name and number of the
union is given first, date and place of meeting
follow. The name and address given is that
of the union's secretary. Those secretaries are
not fully performing their duties unless the
corresponding secretary of the Federated
Trades Council is at all times kept informed
of any change in time or place of meeting,
or of secretary or his or her address.

FEDERATED TRADES COUNCIL OF MILWAUKEE
and vicinity—1st and 2d Wednesdays,
Freie Gemeinde Hall, 290 4th St. John Reicher,
318 State St.

BUILDING TRADES SECTION of the
Federated Trades Council—2d and 4th Thurs-
days, 318 State St. Chairman, John Kolas;
Secretary, E. J. Victoria, 318 State St. and
Fred Heise, 318 State St.

LABEL SECTION of the Federated Trades
Council—2d and 4th Thursday evenings, 318
State St. Chairman, F. E. Neumann, 144 8th St.;
vice-chairman, M. H. Whitaker; treasurer, John
Reicher; secretary, E. J. Victoria, care of St.
Charles Hotel Barber Shop.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL
—Richard Vogt, 748 11th St.
TYPOGRAPHICAL No. 22 (I. T. U.)—
2d Sunday, 1200 N. Milwaukee (Academy)
hall, C. Buchler, 859 29th St.
TYPOGRAPHICAL No. 12 (I. T. U.)—4th
Sunday, 223 Chestnut St. Christ Thron, 433
24th St.

NEWSPAPER WRITERS No. 9 (I. T. U.)—
—Miss E. Thomas, 341 Sixth St.
STENOGRAPHERS No. 99 (C. I. U. and E. I. U.)—
4th Sunday, 224 4th St. Joseph Reicher, 270
Walnut St.

ELECTRICIANS No. 12 (S. E. I. U.)—
4th Wednesday, 7:30 p.m., 298-300 E. 1st
St. Geo. N. Mims, 430 29th St.
PRESSMEN No. 12 (P. P. and A. U.)—
2d Tuesday, Jacob's hall, R. W. Vochl, 850
25th St.

WEB PRESSMEN No. 22 (I. P. P. and A. U.)—
1st Tuesday, 200 4th St. George Sche-
mann, 443 12th St.

WEEKLY PRESSMEN AND JOB PRESS-
MEN No. 27 (I. P. P. and A. U.)—1st Fri-
day, Jacob's hall, State and 24 St. R. J. E.
Skinner, 1200 N. Milwaukee.

BOOKBINDERS No. 49 (I. B. of R.)—
2d and 4th Tuesdays, Freie Gemeinde hall,
Hans Hillmann, 540 1st St.

PHOTO ENGRAVERS No. 12 (I. P. E. U.)—
1st and 2d Tuesdays, 200 4th St. F. W.
Reicher, 622 6th St.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' DIST-
RICT COUNCIL—318 State St.
BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS No. 179
(I. B. of R.)—1st and 4th Mondays,
34 St. A. Ziesendorf, 1100 19th St.

SHOE CUTTERS No. 251 (B. and S. W. I. U.)—1st and 2d Wednesdays, 144 Lloyd St.
and 2d St. Joe Geisinger, 144 Lloyd St.

CARPENTERS' District Council (U. B. of
C. and J. of A.)—2d and 4th Tuesdays, 312
State St. Leonard Dorn, 1000 W. 21st St.
Wm. Greiling, Box 491, 318 State St.

Carpenters No. 183—2d and 4th Mondays,
North and Teutonia ays. Otto F. Horn, 407
Windor pl.

Carpenters No. 512—Every Monday,
602 Chestnut St. Geo. Schreiber, 600 10th St.
Carpenters, No. 1053 (millmen)—2d and 4th
Saturdays, 223 Chestnut St. L. Dorn, 1000
W. 24th St.

Carpenters No. 1147—2d and 4th Wednes-
days, 9th and Greenfield ays. John Schallitz,
609 25th St.

Carpenters No. 1510 (millwrights)—2d
and 4th Fridays, Vine and 12th ays. Ad. Hinke-
forth, 832 Broadway.

Carpenters No. 1506—2d and 4th Wednes-
days, 1422 Green Bay av. Aug. F. Laft,
1299 Green Bay.

Carpenters No. 1718—Every Friday, North
av. and 31st St. Wm. Greiling, 318 State St.

CARPENTERS' District Council No. 12 (U. B.
of C. and J. of A.)—1st Saturday, 208 National av.
E. M. Brach, 1038 Ogden av.

MACHINISTS' District Council No. 12 (I. A. of
M.)—1st Saturday, 208 National av.
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John Reicher, 318 State St.

CLERKS No. 108 (R. C. I. P. A.)—1st
and 3d Thursdays, 277 Greenfield and 6th ays.
Arthur C. Bruno, 200 10th St.

COAL HEAVERS No. 510 (I. L. M. and
T. A.)—Every Thursday, 157 Reed St. F. J.
Weber, 318 State St.

COMMERCIAL TELEGRAPHERS No. 2—
2d Friday evening and 4th Sunday morning,
325 Chestnut St. Fred Korner, 24 12th St.

COUPERS No. 20 (C. I. U. of N. A.)—
2d and 4th Thursdays, 602 Chestnut St. John
Reicher, 318 State St.

Coopers No. 25—1st and 2d Thursdays, 802
Chestnut St. R. Flowers, 200 10th St.

HAIR CUTTERS No. 418 (I. L. M. of N. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, Jacob's hall, Green-
field and 6th ays. Michael Katsch, 927 Wind-
sor St.

ELECTRICIANS No. 82 (I. B. of
E. W.)—Every Thursday, Freie Gemeinde
hall, 318 State St.

Electrical Workers No. 494—Every Friday,
Lipp's hall, 4th and 5th ays. 27th St.

Electrical Workers (millmen) No. 520—2d
and 4th Tuesdays, Lipp's hall, 4th and 5th
ays. G. W. Dorey, 470 24th St.

ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTORS No. 15—
1st and 2d Fridays, Fond du Lac av. and 18th
St. F. H. Hayes, 516 Park Hill av.

ENGINEERS No. 129 (I. U. of S. E.)—
Every Friday, 125 Chestnut St. Bert Conrad,
452 15th St.

Engineers No. 211—1st and 2d Fridays,
Lipp's hall, 4th and 5th ays. 27th St.

FEDERAL LABOR UNION A. F. of L. No. 1—
2d and 4th Mondays, 1200 Fond du
Lac av. Arthur Schroeder, Cor. Harrison and
26th ays.

FIREMEN No. 125 (I. B. of S. F.)—1st
and 2d Saturdays, 257 Chestnut St.

FREIGHT HANDLERS AND WARE-
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512 East 10th St. Geo. Van Buren, 1247
N. 1st St.

GAS WORKERS No. 514 State St. Arthur
Prochnow, 300 10th St.

GLASS BLOWERS No. 1 (I. U. of A. G. of
W.)—1st and 2d Saturdays at 7:00 p.m., 961
Kinross Ave. Fred Jackson, 271 Graham St.

GLOVE WORKERS No. 1 (I. U. of A. G. of
W.)—2d and 4th Fridays, 214 3d St.
W. Hollenbeck, 470 Marshall St.

IRON WORKERS No. 131 (I. M. U. of K. A.)—
1st and 2d Thursdays, 1200 Fond du Lac
av. and Washington St. Emil Kuhnke,
413 11th St.

IRON MOULDERS No. 125—Every Thursday,
Harmonia hall, James Braden, 390 6th av.

IRON MOULDERS No. 104—2d and 4th Fridays,
Chestnut and 7th ays. 27th St.

IRON WORKERS No. 1 (I. M. U. of K. A.)—
1st and 2d Thursdays, 1200 Fond du Lac
av. and Washington St. Emil Kuhnke,
413 11th St.

LAKE PILOTS No. 3 (I. L. M. and T. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, 131 4th St.

LAKE PILOTS No. 3 (I. L. M. and T. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, 131 4th St.

LAKE PILOTS No. 3 (I. L. M. and T. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, 131 4th St.

LAKE PILOTS No. 3 (I. L. M. and T. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, 131 4th St.

LAKE PILOTS No. 3 (I. L. M. and T. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, 131 4th St.

LAKE PILOTS No. 3 (I. L. M. and T. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, 131 4th St.

LAKE PILOTS No. 3 (I. L. M. and T. A.)—
1st and 2d Fridays, 131 4th St.

ELECTION RETURNS---Continued.

Table with 2 columns: District/Category and Name/Percentage. Includes Supervisors (First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth), Justices of the Peace (First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth), and various candidates like James Sheehan, Stanislas Szynarski, etc.

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movement are kindly requested to be on hand early, due to the fact that there will no doubt be an enormous gathering during the afternoon. The various singing societies who are going to participate in this concert have arranged for a splendid program, and everything points to a grand success.

Branch Meetings Next Week. SUNDAY, 2:30 P. M. Cudahy, Scheinbein's Hall. MONDAY, 8 P. M. County Central, 325 Chestnut St. TUESDAY, 8 P. M. Twenty-first, Buffum and Chambers streets.

VICTORY FOR RETAIL CLERKS. The Retail Clerks' Union of Evansville, Ind., has just won a sweeping victory over the Retail Merchants' Association in that city. The battle was a stubborn one, but has resulted in the leading firms in the association signing up with the union, and the union men of Evansville will now back up the clerks with their purchasing power and sustain them in the great victory they have won.

The Co-operative Printery has just received a new and complete line of samples of wedding invitations, dance programs, announcements, etc. 344 Sixth Street.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes Carnival Ticket Receipts and Milwaukee section.

My Specialty Is Baby Photos Otto Linke 711 Third Street FRED W. BRETSCH 128 LEE STREET

Lake Shore and Fox River Valley Notes

By Chas. Sandburg, Care Daily Tribune, Manitowoc.

Last week I was up in Oconto County, where the wild deer still roam the woodland and men tuck their trousers in their boots. The town of Mountain nestles in a circle of blue-misted hills and gives residence to some two hundred souls. They are mostly lumbermen, loggers and farmers, "men with the bark on." Boiled shirts are on a blacklist. The hired man eats with the family and is a man of honor. Everybody has his working clothes on all the time. The color line is not drawn on dress—red, blue and checkered flannels are the styles. A railroad runs through the town, but civilization has not yet quite overtaken Mountain. Yes, I mean that—Mountain is not civilized, and I will tell you why. Everybody works! No loafers go! And this is as it should be in a town that has the biggest proportion of Socialist votes of any town on the map; 14 Socialists, 12 Republicans, and 4 mealy Democrats, was the poll at the last election, and they told me they will beat this next fall! They are Swedes, Danes, Germans, Kamucks, but first of all, they are Social-Democrats who know that the color of blood in each and all is red. Big, breezy, shrewd, independent Sever Anderson says it will be a hard job to "change human nature" and transform humanity, but

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes Finnish Branch, Clifford, Albert Papke, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes Dues from Lake Shore District, Legislative Fund, members of West Milwaukee, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes Stenographers' salary, Long distance telephone, Sickert & Baum, office supplies, etc.

WISCONSIN OFFICIAL

Table with 2 columns: Name and Position. Includes State Officers, Organizers, State Executive Board, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes State Secretary's Financial Report for February, RECEIPTS.

On A Stormy Day Genasco Roofing Is Always Reliable It Resists All Weather! Manufactured from genuine TRINIDAD LAKE ASPHALT—the best waterproofing known—made the reputation of this class of goods before unscrupulous makers adopted inferior substitutes. REINHOLD BROS. Lisbon Ave. and Twenty-third St.

Stands for Something Fond du Lac (Wis.) Daily Reporter (editorial): Whether one agrees with their propaganda or not, one must give the Social-Democrats credit for having a platform. They stand for something. Can the older parties say as much? Would it not be conducive to good results if the Democratic and Republican parties also promulgated platforms? Why should not the parties stand for something more than a mere desire to get the offices, in a municipal election as well as in a state and national election? There are plenty of questions of public policy upon which the parties may take a stand as parties, and not leave the platform-making to individuals, with the result that each candidate has his own peculiar set of principles, in consequence of which we are likely to have a common council no two members of which stand for the same ideas of municipal government.

There is some reason in the declaration of the Socialistic platform: "Plenty of 'good men' have been corrupted by the bad system which they have tried to patch up and regulate." It is this very fact that is a large factor in keeping the Reporter firm in its antagonism to non-partisan municipal elections. No matter how sincere the non-partisan candidate may be, no matter how able or successful in his private business, it will be found that when he comes to manage the affairs of the city things are different. He is one man against the multitude. He is elected not by an organized party which is interested in seeing the pre-election promises fulfilled and which will use the influence and power of its organization to back up the official in his efforts to carry out the program of the platform on which he was elected, but on the contrary, the non-partisan candidate goes into office at the head of a disorganized mob, which disintegrates and disappears almost before the ballot clerks have announced the result of the election.

Spring Opening! We Have a Very Fine Assortment of Black and TAN SHOES.... Robert Kenngott 781 Tontonia Avenue 781 Corner Garfield Avenue

Classified Advertising WANTED—To do addressing for societies, merchants, etc. Low prices, quick service. RAPID ADDRESSING CO., 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee. WANTED—Orders for imitation typewritten letters cannot be told from the original. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee. WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition now ready. This office. WANTED—We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with sub. only \$2. The Co-operative Printery, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee. WANTED—BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their State and National Seal Cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifteen cents a dozen. THE CO-OPERATIVE PRINTERY, 344 Sixth Street. SPRING TERM APRIL 6—HOFFMANN'S. What others say: "I would not take \$100 for what I have learned from you." "I attended other schools and colleges, but here I am getting my money's worth, ten times over." It seems that nine out of every ten business men have recommended Hoffmann's College to me. Make no mistake—call at Third and State, write, or phone Grand 1333.

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AT THE THEATERS.

DAVIDSON

To follow "Her Own Way," at the Davidson, Manager Sherman Brown has decided upon a representation of Hall Caine's drama of the struggle everlasting, "The Christian." It will be remembered



that Viola Allen starred in this remarkable play for two seasons with tremendous success. Miss Hall will, of course, play Glory Quayle. Mr. Mackey will have the role of John Storm. Mr. Hitchcock will play Drake. Mr. Hawley will be Lord Ure, and the other members of the organization will be adequately cast.

BIJOU

The names of Flammarion, the great astronomer; Lombrose, the



distinguished scientist; Professor Chas. Richet, and Marconi, have

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Glad to talk it over with you.

WALTER P. STROESSER

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A request for what you want will enable us to produce the

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—that is, if they are of the latest style

of last, design and shade.

THE AMERICAN

575-577 MITCHELL STREET

been added to the growing list of eminent scientists who now announce their belief that the human soul survives bodily death and sometimes communicates with the living. Prof. Okuni Sami, is a firm believer in spiritual manifestations. He has penetrated more hidden mysteries of India than any man living has been secured to demonstrate daily in things occult and spiritual. Okuni Sami holds his audience spellbound. He will be a feature with W. F. Mann's most successful attraction, "Shadowed By Three," to be seen at the Bijou for one week, beginning tomorrow matinee.

ALHAMBRA

The attraction at the Alhambra on Sunday and all next week will be the big New York musical comedy success, "The Rajah of Shong," this being its initial appearance in this city. The piece will be staged and costumed in a manner rarely seen in musical comedy, and will be given with a big beauty chorus of singers and dancers, and a company of comedians and comedienne rarely seen together in one



production. The theme of the piece affords ample opportunity for an endless amount of fun, and the score is full of airs that will be whistled and sung everywhere, notably "When the Circus comes to Town," "My Little Chickasaw," "Dreaming of My Love," "Adam Liar, the Animal Buyer," "My Home in the Mountains and Valleys I Love," "Back to America," an dmany more musical features make the play one of the best from a musical standpoint among the season's launchings, there being no less than a dozen or more striking musical hits in the score.

STAR THEATER

At the New Star Theater next week, Manager Trotman has secured the big offering, the "Jolly Grass Widows." A new burlesque, entitled, "A Scotch High Ball," is a laugh producer from start to finish. It is sumptuously staged, and its female contingent is said to rival the biggest musical companies. The usual matinee performances will be given during the week.

GAYETY.

Rose Sydel and her well known burlesque organization, "The London Belles," open at the Gayety next week. This is one of the most popular attractions on the burlesque circuit, being composed of nearly two score of clever entertainers—exponents of every form of amusement known to variety—including a chorus of twenty-four pretty girls. The usual matinee will be given.

CRYSTAL

At the Crystal Theater, the Three Ránoldos, in their grotesque acrobatic act, will lead next week, followed by Lee and Opp, Hebrew impersonators; the LaVines, crayon artists; LaCrandall, bounding wire act, and other big features.

ELECTION JABS.

What a great reform was that

alderman-at-large business!

How do you like it, respectable Milwaukee?

It has put such a limited fellow as Heine Bulder in. It has put in another "good Democrat" who is such a dipsomaniac that his family has had to put him under guardianship—yet here he is installed as one of the men who are to determine how the city is to spend its six millions a year. It has put in a Carney, whose greatest bid to fame has been his activity in the Catholic societies movement aimed to divide the labor movement. It has put in a Stiglauer just after his craven capitulation to Rose. It has put in a sanctimonious hypocrite, who one moment gets "regular" by appearing cringingly on the platform with Rose and the next, as conditions seemed to somewhat change, announces himself a neutral as between the different party candidates. It puts in a Henry Adler, a notorious character round town. It puts in a Wittig. It puts in a Bogk, who admitted having taken campaign money and insurance from Beggs. It puts in such characters to rule us and saddles part of them on us for four years—and this is the way the aldermen-at-large reform saves Milwaukee when it works out in practice.

Of course, we well understand that the "reform" had for its chief motive the heading off of a threatened capture of the council by the Social-Democrats. But at what a cost to civic decency?

Of the twenty Democratic aldermen in the new council, sixteen are

State Organizer's Department

Address Carl D. Thompson, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

SHEBOYGAN FALLS: Word comes that Comrade O. A. Damrow was elected the Social-Democratic Justice of the Peace without opposition.

The entire vote cast was 195. The average vote cast for the Social-Democratic party was 42. This was the first time the comrades have ever had a ticket in the field, and the showing is certainly splendid.

Social-Democratic Ticket.

For Supervisor: J. C. Boll, chairman, 42; Aug. Harler, 41; H. A. Hahighorst, 42.

For clerk, R. P. Dassow, 50.

For assessor, F. A. Fenner, 41.

For justice of the peace, O. A. Damrow, three years, 42; J. H. Severin, two years, 41; J. H. Basuener, one year, 41.

For constables, A. F. Selle, 41; Gust. Boll, 41.

MANTOWOC.

The Social-Democratic vote cast strongly in Manitowoc. Comrade Kaufman,

Social-Democratic candidate for alderman in the Fifth Ward, is beaten by only 4 votes. "Win next time," is the slogan today.

Comrade Georgenson loses in the Sixth Ward by only 12 votes. The *Daily Tribune*, in commenting upon the situation says: "In 1900 there were only 148 votes cast in this city. Debs, Social-Democratic candidate for president in that year had only 24 votes. Not a Social-Democratic vote was cast in the Fifth Ward that year. Yesterday 777 Social-Democratic votes were cast. We are moving on."

RACINE. The Social-Democrats held their own and made a gain in Racine. Nic Laner was elected

for treasurer and receiver 579 votes, and Johnson, 485 for assessor.

Comrade Frank Gauthier reports a rousing Social-Democratic demonstration in Brantwood on March 29. There was not a person in the vicinity who did not attend the entertainment. Comrade Gauthier spoke to an audience packing the Socialist Hall and standing outside the double doors which were thrown open to permit the overflow to catch the speech. After the address there was singing and music from the band. Coffee and lunch were on sale and tickets on useful articles were sold. After supper the local Finnish leader addressed the audience, most of whom were Finns, in their native language. Then followed a little play in one act. The dancing then began and lasted till morning. The comrades of the local cleared \$100 toward paying for the Socialist Hall, which they have built, this nearly wiping out their total debt. Brantwood comrades are going to put up a town ticket this spring and the election is conceded to the Social-Democrats unless the two old parties combine against them, and even in that case the chances are in favor of the Social-Democrats.

Comrade Gauthier is making a fine tour through Northern Wisconsin. In many towns he is breaking the virgin soil, speaking in places where a Socialist speaker was never heard before, and not one inhabitant had any idea of Social-Democratic principles. "Socialism," says Comrade Gauthier, "is spreading like wildfire through this section."

The Deadly Parallel Again!

Daily News, last Wednesday:

Though it was a straight Democratic victory, the position of the Democrats was much strengthened by the satisfactory handling of municipal affairs under Mayor Rose's administration.

Roman Catholics. And of the remaining four, three are grafters and the other a sanctimonious hypocrite.

Of the three members of the Democratic city ticket, two are Roman Catholics and the third rents pews in Catholic churches just round election time.

F. J. Lenichek, Republican candidate for alderman-at-large, we are told, urged voters who listened to him last week at usig's Hall, on Chestnut Street, to vote against all the bond issues. His excuse was that taxes were high. As the bonds included school bonds, the showing is a mighty bad one for Lenichek's spirit of citizenship. And yet the civic slate-makers wanted to put Lenichek in the council.

BAD WORK!

The *Nowiny Polskie*, known as the archbishop's paper among the Poles, led the miserable campaign of lying about the Social-Democrats among the Polish speaking citizens. It was assisted by the *Kuryer Polski*, the Republican paper.

The *Nowiny Polskie* is edited by priests. These priest-editors evidently meant to earn all they were getting, for they spoke at the funeral of the murdered secretary of the loan society and craftily brought the question of "Socialist doctrines" into their remarks.

They urged the police force that they ought to go to the Polish printing office where the "intelligent" Socialists meet and where they had their pamphlets printed in the recent campaign, and ask them to stop the printing and stop the meetings of the Socialists there.

The same paper urged the Polish business men to boycott this printing shop because they did the printing for the Socialists.

The same paper also attacked Comrade Anielewski, the Polish speaker from Chicago, because he made extensive and successful agitation among the young people of the Fourteenth Ward. In spite of all his talk about the hard conditions of the working people, says this paper, he received his \$5.00 a day, and all expenses in order that he might "drink in the saloons" and "enjoy frugal meals." (As a matter of fact Comrade Anielewski is abstemious in his habits and not a drinking man.)

LABEL STEREOPTICON SHOWS!

Let the people turn out to the label stereopticon shows that will be given next Thursday and Friday at the South Side Turner Hall and the Bahn Frei Hall, on the North side. The admission will be free, and there will be a barrel of fun mixed in between the pictures of the various union labels.

I rejoice at every effort workingmen make to organize. I hail the labor movement. It is my only hope for democracy. Organize and stand together. Let the nation hear a united demand from laboring voice.—Wendell Phillips.

Have you settled for your carnival tickets? If not, why not? Do it now!

Mills Meetings.

Benjamin Fay Mills, who has been lecturing to large audiences in Milwaukee during the past week is to give three public addresses in Shubert Theater next Sunday. In the evening he will give a lecture that has made him famous as an ex-

ponent of liberal religious thought throughout the country, the title of which is "Why I Changed My Religious Opinions." In the morning his subject will be, "Have You Seen God?" and in the afternoon he will deliver an address on "The Prophet Emerson." The lectures are all free, and tickets for reserved seats may be obtained without charge at the theater box office. Mr. Mills spoke Friday evening at Plymouth church on Socialism.

Singing Societies' Program.

Program for the grand concert of the United Singing Societies, April 12, at the South Side Armory Hall, Latham Street and First Avenue.

March, "Marseillaise." 1. Overture, "Tanerod," Rossini. 2. "Am Altar der Wahrheit," Weitergesang, E. Fernbach, United Socialist Singing Societies. 3. Original Couplet, "Two to Fifteen," Tilgesskiewicz. 4. "Liberty Hymn," Ad. Uthmann, Socialist Maennerchor. 5. Deutschland (Wintermaerchen), Jos. Scheu, United Socialist Singing Societies.

Part II.—6. Overture, "Concert," F. Mayr, orchestra. 7. "Hinaus zum Wald," B. Burmann, Vorwaerts Singing Society. 8. Comedy sketch, Messrs. Weiley and Rehfeld, orchestra. 9. "Voeller Freiheit," Chas. Attenhofer, United Socialist Singing Societies. Saxonia, Edelweiss and Gruettli Singing Societies. 10. "Eine Festanschuss-Sitzung zu Ochsendorf," by Maennerchor Aurora, M. Gegoo; Cast: Omatschmer, President, Mr. Hasck; Fleck, Schumachermeister, Mr. Hraczkiewicz; Krauthuber, Gutsbesitzer, Mr. Patzek; Wunzelmann, Schneidermeister, Mr. Herlich; Panschi, Rentier, Mr. Koch; Peter Krauthuber's Sohn, Mr. Krahn; Fritz, Kellner, Mr. Hinz.

Kenosha.—The vote in Kenosha: For mayor, 298; last year the vote was 229; two years ago, 242.

Union News.

Wisconsin State Federation of Labor. Quarterly financial report of the secretary-treasurer for the quarter ending March 31, 1908.

RECEIPTS.

Amalgamated Wood Workers No. 82..... 1.00

Brewery Workers No. 81..... 17.04

Brewery Workers No. 9..... 36.00

Brewery Workers No. 154..... 2.52

Brewery Workers No. 200..... 2.16

Brewery Workers No. 277..... 7.20

Brewery Bottlers No. 247..... 7.20

Brewery Engineers and Firemen No. 25..... 6.00

Brewery Maltsters No. 80..... 10.80

Brewery Teamsters No. 72..... 21.00

Bartenders No. 468..... 5.95

Bartenders No. 64..... 5.40

Bartenders No. 523..... 6.72

Boot and Shoe Workers No. 282..... 1.20

Boot and Shoe Workers No. 276..... 12.00

Cigar Makers No. 381..... 2.70

Cigar Makers No. 182..... 5.40

Cigar Makers No. 85..... 3.00

Cigar Makers No. 287..... 1.50

Cigar Makers No. 304..... 3.30

Cigar Makers No. 329..... 2.94

Cigar Makers No. 212..... 2.30

Cigar Makers No. 25..... 19.20

Cigar Makers No. 34..... 1.95

Cigar Makers No. 61..... 2.70

Carpenters No. 1246..... 4.08

Carpenters No. 91..... 8.76

Carpenters No. 840..... 3.68

Carpenters No. 314..... 17.70

Carpenters No. 1240..... 1.82

Carpenters No. 667..... 6.64

Carpenters No. 1053..... 12.22

Coopers No. 85..... 2.04

Coopers No. 35..... 8.10

Coopers No. 30..... 18.00

Carriage and Wagon Workers No. 25..... 6.00

Central Labor Union, Sheboygan..... 2.50

Central Labor Union, Watertown..... 5.00

Electrical Workers No. 159..... 6.00

Federated Trades Council Waukesha..... 2.50

Federated Trades Council Green Bay..... 5.00

Federated Trades Council Milwaukee..... 5.00

Federated Trades Council Madison..... 5.00

Glass Bottle Blowers Association No. 15..... 9.00

Iron Molders No. 286..... 2.08

Journeymen Tailors No. 86..... 12.00

Journeymen Tailors No. 215..... 4.08

Journeymen Horseshoers No. 11..... 12.00

Longshoremen No. 568..... 1.36

Leather Workers No. 39..... 2.32

Machinists Lodge No. 546..... 3.60

Machinists Lodge No. 251..... 2.52

Machinists Lodge No. 66..... 24.20

Machinists Lodge No. 437..... 1.20

Musicians No. 8..... 15.00

Musicians No. 166..... 7.80

Newsletters No. 9..... 1.68

Painters and Decorators No. 316..... 3.00

Painters and Decorators No. 876..... 1.78

Painters and Decorators No. 108..... 3.00

Pattern Makers Association Milwaukee..... 11.40

Stationary Engineers No. 311..... 3.70

Shipwrights No. 32..... 3.00

Spring and Axle Workers No. 68..... 1.50

Stegotypers and Electrotypers No. 12..... 3.12

Shingle Weavers No. 33..... 1.26

Sheet Metal Workers No. 35..... 2.32

Typographical No. 344..... 1.22

Typographical No. 31..... .60

Typographical No. 448..... 2.48

Teamsters No. 442..... 3.00

Theatrical Stage Employees No. 18..... 9.00

Trades and Labor Council Fond du Lac..... 1.25

Trades and Labor Assembly, Superior..... 5.00

Wood Workers No. 82..... .60

Wood Finishers No. 1066..... 6.75

Interest on bonds..... 1.69

Refunded by Frank J. Weber, error in bill..... .40

By auditing committee, error by sec-treas in favor of State Federation..... .50

Receipts for quarter \$471.01

DISBURSEMENTS.

Semi annual session of the E. B. including sessions of the local quorum..... 78.33

Donation to the A. F. of L. in injunction case..... 25.00

Donation to Iron Molders' strike, Milwaukee..... 50.00

Space in German official organ..... 25.00

Space in English official organ..... 25.00

Chas. Jeske, attending convention of the Farmers' Society of Equity at Eau Claire..... 26.50

W. A. Jacobs, organizing services at Racine, Kenosha and Watertown..... 41.45

Victor L. Berger, balance due for attending A. F. of L. convention..... 12.40

Donation to union men shot in office of the Governor Massachusetts..... 10.00

Ten copies of the A. F. of L. Convention Proceedings..... 2.50

Fred Brockhausen, for services at Farmers' convention, Kenosha and Madison..... 64.09

Frank J. Weber, for services at Kenosha, Madison, Watertown and Sheboygan..... 83.05

Printing 1,000 receipt books, 2,500 Envelopes, 15,000 circulars..... 20.00

New Departure Coaster Brake



In putting this model on the market the manufacturers have adopted the best features of their old model and added many new ones, which all go to make this the best Coaster Brake ever manufactured.

The reason I call your attention to these New Departure Hubs is that I have sold many hundreds of these New Departure Coaster Brakes during the last seven years, and they have always given the highest satisfaction. This Hub makes the neatest set for both front and rear wheel. I can recommend them to all bicycle users.

JOS. SCHOSTAK

"THE BICYCLE MAN"

481 Third Street Corner Cherry 481

By auditing committee, error in favor of the sec'y-treas..... 20.00

Hall rent..... 1.50

"Something Rotten in the State of Denmark!"

The juries in the graft cases have been a scandal almost from start to finish. If anything, the thing gets worse, and it seems to be up to decent Milwaukeeans to throw aside any fear they may have of grappling with things, surrounded with legal holiness and to not rest until the judges of this county take the proper steps to end this muddying of justice in our midst.

The jury that tried Tony Kleesch and Fred C. Schultz before Judge Vinje last week was so bad in the face of it that its make-up as the subject of *open fest* in the city hall, and even in the courtroom. A verdict of not guilty was a foregone conclusion. Principally the jury was made up of street railway employees and barbers. At least three men on the jury were notoriously pro-graft men.

The district attorney's office simply wasted its time in carrying on the trial before such men. It

should have let it alone to be decided by the jury. The acquittal last week surprised no one.

The state bar association, the trial of the graft cases, but it is claimed that the men who held out for acquittal and thus brought about a miscarriage of justice were *street car men and barbers*.

The rotten spot in this whole matter seems to lie pretty close to Jury Commissioner Trumpp. At least that is the conviction round town. It is felt that Trumpp is the man through whom such a preponderance of unfit men got on the jury panels as soon as the graft cases started. Trumpp is a good deal of a rascal, and during the last campaign went from saloon to saloon to spend Pringle money in the interests of that candidate.

He is notoriously unsuited to his job and is disgracing the jury system in Milwaukee.

Commissioner Schloemer is not quite so flagrantly bad. Commissioner Anson is an honorable man, but so soft and unsuspecting that the hocus-pocus that seems to be going on in front of him is not even suspected by him.

A noticeable fact during the graft trials is that the jury panels have been crowded with street railway men and barbers. A North Side barber is said to be one of the agents of the commission for supplying men for jury service—the work seems to have been farmed out!

While the bulk of the citizens never get on juries, Milwaukee's jury commission business works so smoothly that almost every jury has on it men who have been doing jury service over and over for several years.

It is time something was done. The present jury scalawagism reflects on the judges of Milwaukee, and they are being criticised for not changing the jury commissioners last year when the scandal regarding their acts became public property.

We call on the judges to formally investigate the matters here set forth. They owe it to the honest people of Milwaukee. They owe it to their own reputations.

We mean no disrespect to the judges in what is here written, but if it is contempt of court, we submit that it is a wholesome contempt, and not at all personal.

They divided, and of course, divided to their own cost. Catholic workmen quite largely split to Maher because he was a Catholic. This lost the election to Huebschmann, who was the workman's candidate, regularly selected by workmen, while it also gave the berth to W. J. Turner, who has fought labor in the courts with all the craft at his command for years.

Labor cannot complain. If it makes its bed badly it must lie in it.

The *Wisconsin* editors are nothing, if not unconsciously humorous. Here's the way one of them figures it out: There was a very small vote cast for the circuit court judgeship. The Social-Democratic candidate polled some eight thousand votes. The Social-Democratic candidate for mayor polled over twenty thousand. Therefore (!) hints the bright *Wisconsin* editor, the difference between eight and twenty thousand shows the number of non-Socialist votes that went to the Socialists!

Well—but words fail us! The *Wisconsin* editor has in and out of season insisted that it is a fallacy that men are born equal, and he seems to be trying to exemplify it. We must not expect all editors to be above stupidity.

The scandalous way in which illiterate men were voted by the crooks in charge of some of the rotten ward booths last Tuesday points to the growing necessity for a change in the election laws by which the intelligent mass shall not be at the mercy of illiteracy. The laws might well be changed so that the names of candidates would appear in the booths in all necessary languages and every voter, save in the case of a blind man, required to do his voting *unassisted*.

In Milwaukee the voting machines cut out a lot of voting rascality, for it is hard to cheat the machine, but where the elements of darkness make up for this in the use of their men as election inspectors. They worked their tricks in showing illiterate men how to vote, for it was easy to make them vote as the inspector wished.

It has become a saying in old party inner circles that the election depends on who the inspectors are. This was well shown last Tuesday by a holocaust of crookedness at the machines in the Third, Fifth and other downtown wards, where Rose men were in charge.

It is currently reported that Frank J. Carney, a typical Rose shouter, and with nothing else to recommend him, has been promised the job of court reporter by Judge-elect W. J. Turner. It is claimed that Carney tried to barter his political influence to both Candidates Maher and Turner, he agreeing to turn over so many Rose votes.

WHERE ROSE GAINED.

To the Editor: The *Daily News* claims that Rose's victory was due to the united front of the Democratic party. Nothing of the kind. It was due to the pluralities gained in the ten Polish precincts of the city, namely: the Fourteenth Ward, the fourth precinct of the Twelfth Ward, the sixth precinct of the Thirteenth Ward and the first and second precincts of the Eighteenth Ward. In these ten out of a total of 114 precincts, Rose's plurality over Seidel was 2,665. With the pluralities of the Third and Fourth Wards it increases to 4,527.

It may also be interesting to know that the increase of Rose's vote over 1906 in these ten Polish precincts was 1,008, while his increase in the other 104 precincts was but 774. Would the *Daily News* kindly explain, whether this means that the main strength of the united front of the Democratic party lies in the ten Polish precincts?

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GRAND CONCERT AND BALL

Sunday Afternoon

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TICKETS 10c



AFTER SIX O'CLOCK 25c

United Socialist Singing Societies S.-D. P.

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Walter Quarry.....	.25	F. Krohn.....	1.00	H. Melnitz.....	.50
Chas. Quarry.....	.25	O. Wendler.....	.50	Karl Werskie.....	.50
H. D.....	5.00	H. Henke.....	.50	H. Helligendorf.....	.50
H. Traeger.....	.30	Leonard Schaap.....	1.00	E. Warth.....	1.00
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G. Goller.....	.50	Paul H. Schild.....	1.00	Wm. Zimmermann.....	2.00
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Nic. Oldsen.....	.50	Eight Ward literature.....		F. Unknown.....	5.00
Wm. Hilse.....	1.00	on account.....	20.00	A. Friend, No. 100.....	5.00
August Hoffmann.....	1.00	Henry Luban.....	.25	R. Wilied.....	.50
W. H.....	1.00	F. Timm.....	.50	G. M. Anderson.....	1.00
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Otto Lietzke.....	.25	on banks.....	15.00	literature.....	52.00
John Roessler.....	1.00	Jacob Rummel.....	5.00	C. L. Mayer.....	.50
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Henry Pachtmann.....	.50	M. Q.....	1.00	Fritz Hessler.....	.75
James Hendricksen.....	.50	D. A. Sullivan.....	1.00	Town of Greenfield Branch.....	5.00
Ole Moe.....	1.00	Walter Mauer.....	1.00	John Becker.....	.50
Herman Grosklags.....	.50	Julius Lambrecht.....	2.00	Collection West Side.....	
Schlegel.....	.25	Wm. Petzold.....	1.00	Turner Hall.....	111.51
Wm. Timm.....	1.00	R. Janoschka.....	1.00	A. friend.....	6.00
Paul Sanger.....	.15	Fred J. Cordsen.....	.50	F. N. Doll.....	1.00
E. F.....	1.00	Wm. Drobegg.....	1.00	Rnd. Modl.....	.50
F. Tank.....	1.00	Alfred C. Pergande.....	1.00	J. Phillipsky.....	.50
Jacob Greul.....	1.00	Theodore Ties.....	.50	Fr. Kuetler.....	.50
S. S. Women's Branch.....	15.00	F. Walloh.....	1.00	On selling literature.....	10.00
W. & B. Employes.....	5.00	Geo. J. Sengstock.....	1.00	(Continued next week.)	
North Side Turner Hall.....	155	V.....	2.00		
collection.....	45.42	W. P.....	1.00		
John Nimmer.....	1.00	Herman Bastian.....	.75		
A. Engel.....	1.00	E. F. Andree.....	.50		
J. Phillips.....	1.00	Adolph Lange.....	1.00		
Geo. Schardt.....	.25	Louis Pillekow.....	.50		
J. G. Wojcik.....	.50	Max Erhardt.....	.50		
H. Brehmer.....	.25	Alex Glaeser.....	1.00		
O. Weege.....	1.00	Cash.....	.25		
H. Wartchow.....	.25	Walter G. Bickelhaupt.....	1.00		
Geo. Smith.....	.15	Alf. Hess.....	1.00		
Frank Sindors.....	.10	Thomas Kalicer.....	.50		
Geo. Prenits.....	.25	Wm. Diers.....	.50		
Louis Jeers.....	.25	Henry Dzywiguski.....	.25		
Wm. Schmidt.....	2.00	Louis Kleiberg.....	.15		
Otto Miller.....	.15	John Huber.....	.25		
Walter Mittag.....	1.00	Gottlieb Ubersohn.....	.25		
Ed. Schmidt.....	.25	Henry Ubersohn.....	.25		
D. M.....	.30	Henry Venz.....	.15		
Chas. Kioehn.....	1.00	Henry Haas.....	.15		
L. Runkel.....	1.00	Ang. Last.....	.25		
Joe Smith.....	1.00	Stephan Forster.....	.15		
H. Doerner.....	.25	Wm. Wnerch.....	.25		
Chas. Langhoff.....	1.00	Ferdinand Neuman.....	.25		
Jim Reichowski.....	.50	Mrs. Venz.....	.15		
Joe Studer.....	1.00	Max Helt.....	1.00		
Her. Machholz.....	.25	Wm. Sommer.....	1.00		
J. G. Wankowski.....	1.00	Robt. Buech.....	10.00		
Alex Skorzewski.....	.50	Wm. Patzfahl.....	1.00		
Walter Kowalski.....	.25	Mrs. Geo. Ascher.....	1.00		
Frank Krapowski.....	.25	M. Cheliesmig.....	.50		
Pet. Trabold.....	5.00	J. Truppe.....	.25		
No. 9.....	2.00	S. D.....	5.00		
Wm. Brant.....	.25	F. Jende.....	.50		
Val. Truppe.....	.25	M. G.....	.50		
Chas. F. Geiger.....	2.00	Wm. H. Hegen.....	.50		
I. S. Cesticoff.....	5.00				
C. E. Hobbs.....	5.00				
Fred Widmer.....	.50				

Town Topics by the Town Crier.

Back to your coffins, Tom!

Now watch them give away the right to franchise grafters!

Tuesday was not a catastrophe—it was the beginning of a catastrophe.

Having contributed to Rose's election the *Free Press* now gags at the result. A case where hindsight seems to be better than foresight.

Congratulations are in order for the "real" Democracy, over half of whose voters cannot read and write and had to be shown the knob on election day!

Johnny Donovan says that Rose will "wake up the town." We quite believe it, for we know what Johnny means by "town." For one thing there will be an awakening in the divorce business, Johnny.

We are told that it was a "real" Democratic victory. It was a "straight" victory and cost over fifty thousand dollars—of which the street railway company paid the bulk and the brewery lords the balance.

The Stalwart Republican Seventh Ward went heavily for Rose, but elected a Rose Republican for alderman, McKinley. On the other hand the Half-Breed Eighteenth and Sixteenth Wards voted heavily for Pringle and thus "got-together" for Rose.

The *Sentinel* was not ingenuous in rushing into print the day after election with a cry against an al-

DAVIDSON

WEEK of MONDAY 13 APRIL

Sherman Brown Stock Company

In Hall Caine's Drama of the Struggle Everlasting

THE CHRISTIAN

As Played by VIOLA ALLEN

BIJOU

Beginning Sunday Matinee, 2:30 Matinee Wednesday and Saturday

The Great Detective Melodrama

Shadowed by Three

A Company of 88 Players, Cowboys, Cowboys and Cow-Boys in Thrilling Scenes

A 80-H.P. AUTOMOBILE

With Moving Screen, April 10th

Coming—Another Round-Up

THROUGH DEATH VALLEY

A Genuine Indian Quarter.

ALHAMBRA

Commencing Tomorrow (Sunday) Matinee—Other Matinees Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday

The Merry Musical Melange

The Rajah of Bhong

Presented by a Cast and Chorus of 50 PEOPLE and the Finest

BHONGALESE PONY BALLET

Handsome Costumes Marvellous Electrical Effects

Prices 15c-25c-35c-50c-75c

GAYETY

WEST WATER ST., NEAR CHINEL'S

Week Commencing Sunday Matinee

APRIL 12

ROSE SYDELL and The London Belles

Matinee Daily—Ladies' Mat. Thurs.

NEW STAR

Week Beginning Sunday, April 12

The JOLLY Grass-Widows

LADIES' MAT. Wednesdays and Fridays

CRYSTAL

Week of APRIL 12

The Three RANALDOS

GRAND THEATRE AGRICULTURAL ACT

ADMISSION 10c Reserved Seats 15c